City of Milford Connecticut



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

City of Milford, Connecticut Connecticut

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Prepared by: City of Milford Finance Department

PETER A. ERODICI, JR. DIRECTOR OF FINANCE ARIANE P. SWIFT CITY ACCOUNTANT

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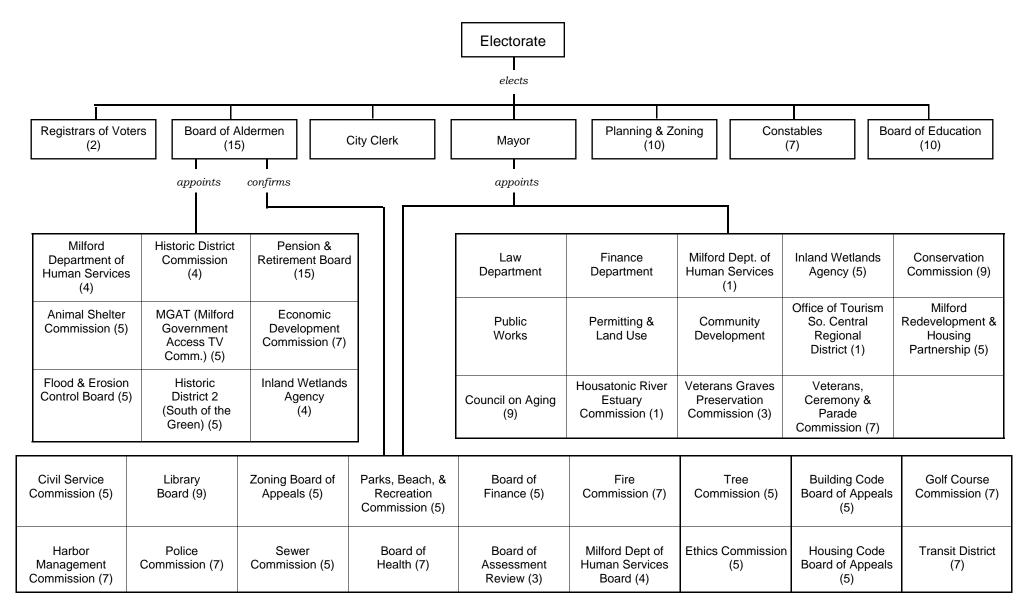
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Introductory Section

City of Milford Organizational Chart



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Mayor

Benjamin G. Blake

Board of Aldermen

Philip J. Vetro, Chair Brian Bier Anthony Giannattasio Greta Stanford Janet A. Golden Susan Fontana Dominick Veccharelli, Jr. Martin B. Hardiman Frank J. Smith Michael S. Casey Susan Shaw Daniel J. German Dora Kubek Bryan N. Anderson Raymond G. Vitali

Board of Education

Susan Glennon, Chair John DeRosa Michael M. DeGrego Anthony Piselli Earl Whiskeyman Dr. Heidi Gold-Dworkin Suzanne L. DiBiase Laura Fucci Jennifer Federico Robert Satti

Appointed Officials

Dr. Elizabeth Feser, Superintendent of Schools Jonathan D. Berchem, City Attorney



City of Milford, Connecticut

- Founded 1639 -70 West River Street - Milford, CT 06460-3317 Tel 203-783-3220 FAX 203-876-1960

Office of the Director of Finance

December 21, 2015

Citizens of the City of Milford, Connecticut Honorable Mayor Members of the Board of Aldermen Members of the Board of Finance

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Milford for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 is hereby submitted. This report was prepared by the City's Department of Finance in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units as promulgated by various authoritative bodies through their publications, statements of position, and other pronouncements. These bodies include the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the State of Connecticut Office of Policy and Management. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the data, as presented, are accurate in all material respects and are presented in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of the operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City of Milford is required to undergo an annual federal single audit in compliance with requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations*. Information related to this federal single audit, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the independent auditors' reports on compliance and internal controls are included in a separately issued federal single audit report.

The City of Milford is also required to undergo an annual state single audit in conformity with the provisions of the State of Connecticut's Single Audit Act (C.G.S. Sections 4-230 to 4-236). Information related to this state single audit, including the schedule of state financial assistance, findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, is included in a separately issued state single audit report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Milford's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

The financial reporting entity (the government) includes all of the funds of the City of Milford. The government provides the full range of municipal services as directed by State statute and the Charter of the City of Milford. These include police and fire protection, parks and recreation activities, street construction and maintenance, wastewater treatment, planning and zoning, health and social services, education, and general administrative services.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Milford was founded in 1639 and covers a 23.5 square mile area on Long Island Sound at the mouth of the Housatonic River. The City lies almost equidistant between the cities of New Haven and Bridgeport. Contiguous to the towns of Stratford, Shelton, Orange, and West Haven, Milford is the fifth largest community in population in New Haven County and eighteenth in population size of the State of Connecticut's one hundred and sixty-nine cities and towns. Primarily a residential community, Milford's population is 52,759 (2010 Census). Milford is served by many transportation facilities. Interstate 95 has seven Milford entrances/exits and Connecticut 15 (Merritt/Wilbur Cross Parkway) has two entrances/exits. U.S. 1 plus Connecticut Routes 121, 162, and numerous local roads and streets also serve the City. Inter-city passenger bus service is provided by Connecticut Transit and interstate service is provided by Greyhound. The New Haven Line, Amtrak and Metro North (Conrail) provide four east/west passenger/freight rails and two north/south freight rails. Passenger trains stop daily going to and coming from New York's Grand Central Station. Two airports serve Milford; Sikorsky Memorial Airport and Tweed-New Haven Airport.

Milford has a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. The Mayor and fifteen Aldermen are elected each odd-numbered year. The City's Charter guarantees representation by more than one political party, with no more than ten (10) aldermen from the same party. The legislative function is performed by the Board of Aldermen. The budgetary process involves sequential recommendations by Department Heads and Boards and Commissions, the Mayor, and the five (5) members Board of Finance, with the final budget set by the Board of Aldermen. The Director of Finance, who is included under Civil Service, administers fiscal matters.

The City provides a full range of services including schools; police and fire protection; maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events; sanitation and health services; human services; and General Government, Administrative, and Community Development Services.

ECONOMY AND FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Milford is located in a region with a diverse economic base. Residents' income is derived from education and health services organizations, manufacturing, professional and administrative services, and retail industries. The 2010 census data shows that Milford's median family income was \$94,077, compared to the State's \$81,246 and the median age of a Milford resident was 43.3 years.

The City's unemployment rate was 4.5 % through August 2015 as compared to the State of Connecticut at 5.1%. The decrease in the unemployment rate from 6% to 4.5% over the past year is reflective of the current economy.

The City's tax base is stable with some moderate growth. The net taxable grand list of October 1, 2014 was \$6.39 billion which represents an increase of \$3.4 million over the grand list of October 1, 2013. This was primarily due to residential new construction. The top ten taxpayers have been relatively stable over the past two years and represent 8.04% of the grand list.

Milford continues to see signs of growth and progress. Shoreline homes continue to be rebuilt, new multi-family residences are being constructed, and new businesses are being added which should help to increase the grand list going forward.

In 2014, the City of Milford increased new business by 26% from the previous year with the introduction of 394 new businesses.

The redevelopment of 230 Cherry Street, the eventual site of ShopRite, is expected to reinvigorate the area with several pad sites dedicated to gas, retail, and restaurants. The new store will be 68,000 square feet or 20 percent larger than the current store. Total Wines & More, the country's largest independent retailer of wine and beverages opened a 25,000 square foot superstore on the site in 2015. The plaza is expected to be completed in 2016.

A number of small businesses have opened, and Launch Milford, a trampoline park, will take over 15,000 square feet at 125 Old Gate Lane. In addition, Milford's downtown saw a number of new businesses open. Advisra Consulting has opened a residential and commercial real estate brokerage office. Other new downtown businesses include: Hair by Camille, Hamilton Connections, Michelle Ragozzine & Associates, Los Cabos, Amy Champagne Events, and Bloomer Biotech Investment Advisors LLC.

In Walnut Beach, the revitalization efforts, through a \$1 million state grant, are complete. These projects included a new streetscape on Naugatuck Avenue that includes a sidewalk of brick pavers, plantings, lampposts, banners, benches, bike racks, and trash receptacles. Beach Shore Village, a condominium, office/retail space, has matched streetscape improvements on Naugatuck Avenue and has begun construction on several new units. Several new businesses have opened in the area, such as Couture Fitness on the Water and Art Fish 42.

The Connecticut Post Mall added new tenants including 7-D Turbo Ride, La Perfumerie, Red Robin, Milford Fried Chicken, Buffet Palace, and In Fashion. A new shopping center with a Panera Bread restaurant, a Sleep Number store, and a Verizon store are among the businesses that will replace the former Smiles Entertainment Center at 1565-1645 Boston Post Road.

The City's office park sector continues to grow with Kidsense Therapy Group moving into the wellestablished Cherry Street offices at 209 Cherry Street. Also moving into Cherry Street are Vice Construction Group LLC, Stone Investment Properties LLC, and Wave Wellness along with other tenants.

In the medical field, St. Vincent's Medical Center opened an urgent care facility at 199 Cherry Street. Further, Milford Molecular Diagnostics MMD and Sleep Management Services opened in the area.

Milford continues to work with public and private agencies to foster economic growth. Close relationships exist between the City and the Milford Chamber of Commerce and state and federal economic development organizations. Milford continues to work with 15 other communities in the Regional Growth Partnership.

Internal Controls

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

<u>Single Audits.</u> As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City of Milford is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

As a part of the City's single audits described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's single audits for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

THE OPERATING BUDGET

<u>Guidelines</u>

Budgetary Control

In addition to internal accounting controls, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund as approved by the Board of Aldermen and as may be amended by the Board during the fiscal year. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the department. The City also maintains project budgets for all capital project funds and special revenue funds.

To aid in budgetary control, the City maintains an encumbrance accounting system to record obligations by line item for the General Fund, all capital project funds and all special revenue funds. Certification of funds availability is required prior to issuance of purchase orders, which are recorded as encumbrances in the budgetary accounting system. Encumbrances for goods and services that have not been received by June 30 of each year are reported as reservations of fund balance. Invoices will be paid in the next fiscal year against these encumbrances. The Mayor can authorize budget transfers within a classification (Personal Services, Operating Expenses, Capital Outlay, etc.) of a department. All transfers between classifications in a department or between departments and all transfers into an account not approved at the budget vote must be justified to and approved by the Board of Finance and the Board of Aldermen.

Debt

The City's long-standing administrative policy is that debt service shall not exceed 10% of the respective year budget. For FY2015, debt service represents approximately 6.9% of the budget.

Use of Fund Balance

The City has a long-standing administrative policy of maintaining a minimum of 5% of the current year budget in unassigned fund balance.

Budgetary and Long Term Financial Planning

The City officials are very mindful of the current economic circumstances, the level of taxes, and the need to balance them with the needs and expectations of the community. Over the past 2 years, the City has completed bond refundings which have lowered debt service costs. In 2012, two refundings were completed which resulting in total savings of \$2.5 million. Recently, the City completed a refunding in December 2014 yielding savings of \$729 thousand. The administration negotiated with its Police and Fire unions and worked with them to implement plan design changes to their pension agreements which will help to lower pension costs over the long term.

The City tries to conservatively budget revenues, particularly building permit fees, investment income, and conveyance fees. These revenues are highly dependent on the economy and market conditions. The City has also recognized the impacts of the economy on the State budget and is conservative in planning for State grants. For FY14 and FY15, the City planned for adjustments in certain grants and others with level funding. In FY15, state grants were budgeted at \$14.3 million and funded 7.2% of the City's budget. In FY14, state grants were budgeted at \$14.6 million, which was 7.5% of the budget. The Education Cost Sharing Grant, which is a major grant for the City, increased slightly from \$11.2 million budgeted in FY14 to \$11.4 million budgeted in FY15.

The City aims to keep expenses to the lowest amount possible and still provide adequate services. The City negotiated a wage increase of 2.25% for FY15 for most City unions and gave the same to the non-represented employees. In FY14 and FY15, the Education Operations (EO)budget increased 2.26% and 0.4% and the City's budget increased 6.34% and 3.7% respectively. Some of the key reasons for the City's increase were as follows: a \$1.7million increase in the pension annual contribution, a \$1 million increase in debt service, a \$\$331 thousand increase in the health insurance fund contribution for both City and BOE, and approximately \$881 thousand in contractual wage increases for City employees. Each year, the City works to implement changes which result in expenditure reductions as well, including energy efficiency initiatives. In 2014, Milford joined the Greater Bridgeport Regional Solid Waste Interlocal Committee (GBRSW). The GBRSW is comprised of several municipalities which bundle their solid waste tonnage in an effort to obtain the most economical disposal agreement. The GBRSW successfully negotiated a new long term disposal agreement with Wheelbrator Bridgeport, LLP. Significant savings are projected since Milford's cost per ton decreased from \$67.31 to \$59.75. In 2015, the cost per ton increased slightly to \$60.96.

The long-term plan for the City is to continue with a business friendly environment to encourage development/redevelopment of properties. The City will only have minimal, if any, personnel increases. Labor contracts for the majority of the City's unionized workforce expired on June 30,2015. The Police, Fire, and Nurses Union contracts will expire on June 30, 2016. These contracts include a premium cost share on an increasing sliding scale for all employees who will now contribute to the cost of their health insurance (Police already had a premium cost share implemented). The City will have to balance fixed asset and infrastructure maintenance/improvements while keeping debt service at a manageable level. The City plans to continue funding of the pension plans. The City will continue compiling a five-year capital plan and a five-year vehicle and equipment replacement schedule.

Secondary Market Disclosure. The City has agreed to provide or cause to be provided to each Nationally Recognized Municipal Securities Information Repository (NRMSIR) the City's annual financial information and operating data including the City's audited financial statements. The data to be provided shall include the following:

Amounts of the gross and net taxable grand list applicable to the fiscal year (See Statistical Table 7);

Listing of the ten largest taxpayers on the applicable grand list, together with each such taxpayer's taxable valuation thereon (See Statistical Table 8);

Percentage and amount of the annual property tax levy collected and uncollected as of the close of the fiscal year (See Statistical Table 9);

Schedule of the annual debt service on outstanding long-term bonded indebtedness as of the close of the fiscal year (See Note 7);

Calculation of the net direct debt, total direct debt, and total overall net debt (reflecting overlapping and underlying debt) as of the close of the fiscal year (See Statistical Table 13);

Total direct debt, total net direct debt and total overall net debt of the City per capita (See Statistical Table13);

Ratios of the total direct debt and total overall net debt of the City to the City's net taxable grand list (See Statistical Table 13);

Statement of statutory debt limitations and debt margins as of the close of the fiscal year (See Statistical Table 11);and

Funding status of the City's pension benefit obligations as of the close of the fiscal year (See Note9 to the General Purpose Financial Statements).

Independent Audit. Connecticut State Statutes require that all municipalities have their accounts audited annually (C.G.S. Section 7-392) by an independent accountant. The City Charter requires an annual of all financial records of the City, its departments, bureaus, agencies, boards and offices. The firm of Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C., Certified Public Accountants, was selected to be the City's independent auditors. In addition to meeting the State Statute and City Charter requirements, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of Management and Budget's Circular A-133. In addition, State requirements for single audit were also met by the audit. The auditors' report on the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information (the basic financial statements) is included in the financial section of this report. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have an auditor's opinion in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The auditors' report on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulation for both federal and state single audits will be found in separately issued single audit reports.

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. The government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in financial Reporting to the City of Milford for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the tenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments. The preparation of this report on a timely basis was made possible by the efficient and dedicated service of the Finance Department staff. I would like to express my particular appreciation to Ariane Swift for her assistance and contributions. In addition, the accounting firm of BlumShapiro made substantial contributions by way of design, proofing, and interpretation of recent guidelines.

Appreciation is also expressed to the Mayor, the Board of Aldermen, the Board of Finance, and the Department Heads for their cooperation and assistance throughout the year in matters pertaining to the City of Milford's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Peter A. Erodici, Jr. Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Milford Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

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Financial Section



Accounting Tax Business Consulting

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Finance City of Milford, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Milford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Milford, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Milford, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The net position of the City has been restated to recognize the net pension liability required in implementing GASB No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 11, the budgetary comparison information on pages 60 through 65, and the pension schedules on pages 66 through 69 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Milford, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the City of Milford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2014, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet and Internal Service Fund financial statements as of June 30, 2014 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2014 financial statements. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet and Internal Service Fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2014 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund balance sheet and the Internal Service Fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2015 on our consideration of the City of Milford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Milford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 21, 2015

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

This discussion and analysis of the City of Milford, Connecticut's (the City) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This is the thirteenth year of reporting in accordance with Statement No. 34 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the City's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX.

Financial Highlights

- The City's net position decreased overall as a result of this year's operations. Net position of our business-type activities increased by \$291 thousand and net position of our governmental activities decreased by \$4.13 million.
- During the year, the City had expenses that were \$4.14 million more than the \$231.8 million generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- Total cost of all of the City's programs was \$235.9 million with no new programs added this year.
- The General Fund reported a total fund balance this year of \$25.1 million and unassigned fund balance of \$16.3 million.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$2.2 million more than budgeted for the General Fund. Expenditures were \$3.1 million less than final appropriations.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a long-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the City as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position, along with the changes in net position. The City's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the City into two types of activities:

- *Governmental activities* Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public services, health and welfare, and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- *Business-type activities* The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's Golf Course and Harbor Management Fund are reported here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the City Board of Aldermen establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the Capital Project Funds) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received from the State Department of Education). The City's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental funds (Exhibits III and IV)- Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds (Exhibits V, VI and VII) When the City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. Internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities such as the City's Health, Workers' Compensation, and Property and Casualty Internal Service Funds.

• *Fiduciary funds (Exhibits VIII and IX)* - The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension and other postemployment benefit plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The City's combined net position decreased from \$98.7 million to \$94.9 million. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

		(,					
		nmental vities	Business Activiti		Total			
		2014				2014		
	2015	(as Restated)	2015	2014	2015	(as Restated)		
Current and other assets \$	96,471 \$	\$ 94,434 \$	580 \$	523 \$	97,051 \$	94,957		
Capital assets	350,664	343,874	3,361	3,126	354,025	347,000		
Total assets	447,135	438,308	3,941	3,649	451,076	441,957		
Deferred outflows of resources	33,597	787			33,597	787		
Long-term debt outstanding	350,646	297,960			350,646	297,960		
Other liabilities	35,246	42,914	11	10	35,257	42,924		
Total liabilities	385,892	340,874	11	10	385,903	340,884		
Deferred inflows of resources	3,873	3,120			3,873	3,120		
Net position:								
Net investments in capital assets	174,139	166,869	3,361	3,126	177,500	169,995		
Restricted	280	255			280	255		
Unrestricted	(83,452)	(72,023)	569	513	(82,883)	(71,510)		
Total Net Position \$	90,967	\$ <u> </u>	3,930 \$	3,639 \$	94,897 \$	98,740		

Table 1NET POSITION(In Thousands)

Net position of the City's governmental activities decreased 4.3% (\$91 million compared to \$95.1 million). Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance daily operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - increased to a deficit of \$83.4 million at the end of this year.

There was an 8% increase (\$3.93 million compared to \$3.64 million in the net position of business-type activities from 2014 to 2015.

		(In Thousan	ds)					
	Governi Activi		Business Activit		Total			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services \$	9,812 \$	7,753 \$	327 \$	333 \$	10,139 \$	8,086		
Operating grants and								
contributions	29,527	36,980			29,527	36,980		
Capital grants and								
contributions	3,046	115	272		3,318	115		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	180,864	174,885			180,864	174,885		
Grants and contributions not								
restricted to specific purpose	8,321	8,693			8,321	8,693		
Unrestricted investment								
earnings	49	72	1	1	50	73		
Other general revenues	195	718			195	718		
Total revenues	231,814	229,216	600	334	232,414	229,550		
Expenses:								
General government	13,004	9,770			13,004	9,770		
Administration	3,882	3,803			3,882	3,803		
Public safety	38,754	38,410			38,754	38,410		
Public services	18,586	27,538			18,586	27,538		
Education	149,823	142,617			149,823	142,617		
Health and welfare	4,183	5,503			4,183	5,503		
Grants to agencies	3,073	9,072			3,073	9,072		
Interest on long-term debt	4,653	2,711			4,653	2,711		
Milford Golf Course			64	64	64	64		
Harbor management			235	242	235	242		
Total program expenses	235,958	239,424	299	306	236,257	239,730		
Transfers in (out)	10	260	(10)	(260)		-		
Change in Net Position \$	<u>(4,134)</u> \$	(9,948)\$	291 \$	(232) \$	(3,843) \$	(10,180)		

Table 2CHANGES IN NET POSITION(In Thousands)

The City's total revenues were \$231.8 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$235.9 million. Our analysis below separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

The City's revenues increased by \$2.6 million from 2014. Most of the increase is attributable to property tax revenue, charges for services, and capital grants.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's three largest programs - public safety, public services, and education - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(In Thousands)										
		Total Cos	t of	Services		Net Cost	of	Services		
	_	2015		2014		2015		2014		
Public safety	\$	38,754	\$	38,410	\$	34,517	\$	34,846		
Public services		18,586		27,538		13,883		21,060		
Education		149,823		142,617		120,264		109,707		
All others	_	28,795		30,859		24,909	· -	28,963		
Totals	\$_	235,958	\$	239,424	\$	193,573	\$	194,576		

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the City's business-type activities (see Table 2) increased by 79.6% (\$600 thousand in 2015 compared to \$334 thousand in 2014) and expenses decreased by 2.3% (\$299 thousand in 2015 versus \$306 thousand in 2014).

City Funds Financial Analysis

Governmental Funds

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$27.9 million, which is an increase of \$6.5 million over last year's fund balance of \$21.4 million. Included in this year's total change in fund balance, is an increase of \$1.8 million in the general fund, and increases of \$1.7 million in the Capital Non-recurring Fund (CNR) and \$3 million in the School Facilities Fund. The fund balance decreased by \$733 thousand in the Sanitary Sewer Fund (SSR) due to expenditures incurred and paid prior to the issuance of bonds, which is anticipated. Moreover, the primary reasons for the General Fund's increase in fund balance are higher than expected tax and other fee revenue, as well as expenditures which were lower than budget. Because \$4 million of general fund balance was assigned in 2014 to support the 2015 budget, property tax revenue growth was moderated. In addition, the City's EMS billing program has been growing, and the City Clerk's office saw an increase in conveyance taxes collected. On the expenditure side, the City carefully monitored expenditures throughout the year and generated savings across most departments. Employee vacancies, due to turnover or retirements in several departments, also led to budget surpluses in the wage line items.

Proprietary Funds

The Internal Service Funds' net position increased \$2.4 million primarily due to lower than expected healthcare claims expense in the health insurance fund. The Enterprise Funds' net position increased from last year by \$291 thousand mainly due to a capital contribution for the capitalization of the new golf course maintenance building.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

- General Property Taxes and Assessments property tax and assessment revenue was greater than budgeted by \$1.4 million due to a higher collection rate than was used in the budget.
- State aid revenue was more than budgeted by \$32 thousand. This was due to both increases and decreases in various grant revenues. In particular, the Education Cost Sharing grant was \$30 thousand favorable compared to budget. Investment Income - revenues from the investment of idle funds were more than budgeted by \$30 thousand due to slightly higher interest rates and more money on deposit in the Connecticut Short Term Investment Fund.
- Other Revenue was \$102 thousand greater than budget due to an increase in miscellaneous other revenues.
- Licenses, Permits and Other Charges were \$554 thousand above budget mainly due to higher than anticipated conveyance taxes, paramedic fees, and recycling revenues. These income categories are directly related to the economy and population, and can fluctuate.
- Department Expenditures Expenditure controls were put into place throughout the fiscal year, including continued monitoring of new hiring, overtime, and purchase requisitions, which resulted in an overall budget surplus of \$3 million on the expenditure side.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the City's governmental activities had \$350.7 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment, roads, bridges, and water and sewer lines - Table 4. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$7 million over last year.

Table 4 CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation) (In Millions)

		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				То	tal	
	_	2015		2014		2015		2014		2015		2014
Land	\$	36.9	\$	36.6	\$	1.7	\$	1.7	\$	38.6	\$	38.3
Construction in progress		130.3		134.0						130.3		134.0
Buildings and improveme	ents	114.6		107.9		1.5		1.3		116.1		109.2
Machinery and equipmer	nt	12.8		8.9		0.2		0.2		13.0		9.1
Infrastructure		56.0		56.5						56.0		56.5
Totals	\$	350.7	_\$_	343.9	_ \$_	3.4	_\$_	3.2	\$_	354.0	\$	347.1

This year's major additions included (in thousands):

The City's fiscal-year 2015-2016 capital plan has \$43 million of capital projects planned. School building renovations are estimated at \$18 million, sewer projects at \$2.8 million, and public service projects at \$22 million. Of the total estimated \$43 million, it is expected to finance \$33.9 million with bonds and \$8.9 million with grants. It is likely that not all projects will be implemented - resulting in a lower level of cost. More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2015, the City had \$174.3 million in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$176.4 million last year - a decrease of 1.2% - as shown in Table 5. Additional detail on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7.

Table 5 OUTSTANDING DEBT (In Thousands)

		Governmental Activities				
	_	2015	2014			
General obligation bonds (backed by the City) Bond anticipation notes (backed by the City) Long-term note payable	\$	123,580 \$ 17,390 33,289	119,490 21,526 35,400			
Totals	\$_	174,259 \$	176,416			

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2016 budget tax rates and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. One of those factors is the economy. The City's unemployment rate has decreased from 6% to 4.5%. In comparison, the figures for the State of Connecticut have decreased from 6.9% to 5.1%.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for2015-2016. The adopted budget for FY 2016 is \$202 million, an increase of 2% over the final 2015 budget of \$198 million. No new programs or initiatives were added to the 2016 budget. State grants were assumed to fund 6.9% of the 2016 budget as compared to 7.2% of the 2015 budget.

If estimates are realized, the City's June 30, 2016 budgetary General Fund balance is expected to be \$3.5 million lower than the June 30, 2015 budgetary General Fund balance because of the use of that amount to balance the budget. As for the City's business-type activities, we expect that the 2015-2016 results will improve due to more rounds of golf, higher operating fee revenue, and an increase in bookings at the marina.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, City of Milford, 70 West River Street, Milford, Connecticut 06460.

Basic Financial Statements

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	-	Governmental Activities	E	Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	80,990	\$	556	\$	81,546
Investments	Ŧ	117	Ŧ		Ŧ	117
Receivables, net		15,302		24		15,326
Inventory		28				28
Prepaid items and other assets		34				34
Capital assets:						
Capital assets not being depreciated		167,276		1,654		168,930
Capital assets being depreciated, net	-	183,388	-	1,707	_	185,095
Total assets	-	447,135	_	3,941	_	451,076
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred charge on refunding		1,885				1,885
Changes in pension actuarial assumptions		7,814				7,814
Changes in pension projected investment earnings		23,898				23,898
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	33,597		-	_	33,597
1.						
Liabilities:		16,563		11		16,574
Accounts and other payables Unearned revenue		598		11		598
Due to other governments		695				695
Bond anticipation notes payable		17,390				17,390
Noncurrent liabilities:		,				,,
Due within one year		16,947				16,947
Due in more than one year	_	333,699	_		_	333,699
Total liabilities	-	385,892	_	11	_	385,903
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Advance property tax collection		2,982				2,982
Advance sewer collections		145				145
Changes in pension actuarial experience		746				746
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	3,873	_	-	_	3,873
Net Position:						
Net investments in capital assets		174,139		3,361		177,500
Restricted for:		11 1,100		0,001		111,000
Trust purposes:						
Expendable		280				280
Unrestricted	-	(83,452)		569		(82,883)
Total Net Position	\$	90,967	\$_	3,930	\$_	94,897

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Progra	ım Revenues				and ion	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Cap Grant Contrik	s and	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 13,004 \$	5 1,779	\$ 329	\$	334		\$	\$ (10,562
Administration	3,882					(3,882)		(3,882
Public safety	38,754	3,655	582			(34,517)		(34,517
Public services	18,586	1,432	559		2,712	(13,883)		(13,883
Education	149,823	2,435	27,124			(120,264)		(120,264
Health and welfare	4,183	511	933			(2,739)		(2,739
Grants to agencies	3,073					(3,073)		(3,073
Interest on long-term debt	4,653					(4,653)		(4,653
Total governmental activities	235,958	9,812	29,527		3,046	(193,573)	-	(193,573
Business-type activities:								
Milford Golf Course	64	85			272		293	293
Harbor Management	235	242					7	7
Total business-type activities	299	327	-		272	-	300	300
Total	\$ <u>236,257</u> \$	10,139	\$29,527	\$	3,318	(193,573)	300	(193,273
	General reven	ues:						
	Property tax					180,864		180,864
	Grants and	contributions no	ot restricted to spe	cific progra	ms	8,321		8,321
	Unrestricted	investment ea	rnings			49	1	50
	Other gener	ral revenues				195		195
	Transfers					10	(10)	
	Total gen	eral revenues a	ind transfers			189,439	(9)	189,430
	Change i	n net position				(4,134)	291	(3,843
	Net position, J	uly 1, 2014, as	Restated			95,101	3,639	98,740
	Net Position,	lune 30, 2015				\$90,967	\$3,930	\$94,897

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands) Capital Nonmajor Total Sanitary School Sewer Nonrecurring Sewer Facilities Governmental Governmental General Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$ 39.201 \$ 5.184 \$ 5.734 \$ 69 \$ 458 \$ 12.809 \$ 63.455 117 Investments 117 Receivables, net 13.574 193 452 14.219 1,572 155 626 87 Due from other funds 2,440 Inventories 28 28 21 Prepaid items and other assets 13 34 **Total Assets** 5,532 6,373 69 54,485 \$ \$ \$ \$ 458 \$ 13,376 \$ 80,293 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: \$ Accounts and other payables 11.998 \$ 380 \$ 635 \$ 227 \$ 50 \$ 1,436 \$ 14.726 Other liabilities 120 563 256 939 Due to other governments 677 18 695 Due to other funds 240 664 260 381 105 2,565 915 Unearned revenue 590 8 598 Bond anticipation notes payable 2,320 3,235 11.619 216 17,390 Total liabilities 14.180 620 3.757 4.285 12.306 1.765 36.913 Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes 6,996 6,996 Unavailable revenue - property taxes interest 5,130 5,130 Unavailable revenue - special assessments 89 151 240 Advance sewer collections 145 145 Advance property tax collections 2,982 2,982 Total deferred inflows of resources 15,197 296 -15,493 ---Fund balances: Nonspendable 21 13 28 62 Restricted 468 468 Committed 1,055 4,616 2,603 11,289 19,563 Assigned 7,696 7,696 Unassigned 16,336 (4, 216)(11,848)(174)98 4,616 2,616 27,887 Total fund balances 25,108 (4, 216)(11,848)11,611 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances 6,373 69 458 54,485 \$ 5,532 \$ \$ \$ \$ 13,376 \$ 80,293

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:		
Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	27,887
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Governmental capital assets\$ 492,528Less accumulated depreciation(141,864)Net capital assets		350,664
Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:		
Property tax receivables greater than 60 days Interest receivable on property taxes Assessments receivable Interest receivable on assessments Receivable from the state for school construction projects Deferred outflows related to changes in pension actuarial assumptions Deferred outflows related to changes in projected pension investment earnings		6,996 5,130 238 83 488 7,814 23,898
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and deferred inflows or resources, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		13,015
Bonds and notes payable Interest payable on bonds and notes Compensated absences Net OPEB obligation Bond premium Net pension liability Deferred inflows related to changes in actuarial experience Deferred charges on refunding	_	(156,869) (697) (14,381) (132,470) (4,151) (37,817) (746) 1,885
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)	\$_	90,967

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

		General		Sewer Fund	-	Capital Nonrecurring Fund	-	Sanitary Sewer Fund	-	School Facilities Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:													
Property taxes and assessments	\$	171,858	\$	6,882	\$		\$		\$		\$ 5	\$	178,740
Fines, forfeitures, penalties and interest		1,199		40						10	=		1,239
Intergovernmental		24,254				2,712				49	7,104		34,119
Charges for services		2,853		79		168					4,644		7,744
Investment income		89		3		3					3		98
Other		6,109		628	-		_		-		2,242		8,979
Total revenues		206,362		7,632	-	2,883	-		-	49	13,993		230,919
Expenditures:													
Current:													
General government		3,930									289		4,219
Administration		2,496											2,496
Public safety		24,393									2,744		27,137
Public services		11,272									786		12,058
Education		119,634									8,669		128,303
Health and welfare		1,615									1,864		3,479
General charges		23,635											23,635
Grants to agencies		2,651											2,651
Capital outlay				5,878		5,761		4,713		3,043			19,395
Debt service		13,839		1,687							306		15,832
Total expenditures		203,465		7,565	-	5,761	_	4,713	_	3,043	14,658		239,205
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,897		67	-	(2,878)	_	(4,713)	_	(2,994)	(665)		(8,286)
Other financing sources (uses):													
Issuance of bonds and notes						3,740		3,980		5,984	491		14,195
Premium on bond issuance		477											477
Refunding bond issuance		14,935											14,935
Premium on refunding bonds		2,527											2,527
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(17,312)											(17,312)
Transfers in						797					547		1,344
Transfers out		(1,264)		(90)									(1,354)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(637)	_	(90)	-	4,537	_	3,980	-	5,984	1,038		14,812
Net change in fund balances		2,260		(23)		1,659		(733)		2,990	373		6,526
Fund balances, July 1, 2014		22,848	_	4,639	-	957	_	(3,483)	_	(14,838)	11,238		21,361
Fund Balances, June 30, 2015	\$	25,108	\$	4,616	\$	2,616	\$_	(4,216)	\$	(11,848)	\$ <u> </u>	\$	27,887

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	\$	6,526
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense		12,532 (5,742)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:		
School building grant receipts Property tax receivable - accrual basis change Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change Sewer assessment receivable and interest - accrual basis change Sewer assessment interest receivable - accrual change Net pension asset Deferred outflows related to changes in pension actuarial assumptions Deferred outflows related to changes in projected pension investment earnings		(258) 644 241 12 (49) (317) 7,814 23,898
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:		
Bond and note principal payments Premium on general obligation bonds Payments to bond refunding agent Issuance of bonds and notes Refunding bonds issued Premium on refunding bonds		11,061 (477) 17,312 (14,195) (14,935) (2,527)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Compensated absences Accrued interest Net OPEB expense Amortization of bond premium Net pension liability Deferred inflows related to changes in actuarial experience Deferred charges on refunding		4,662 (16) (14,230) 229 (37,817) (746) (124)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.	_	2,368
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)	\$	(4,134)

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Bu	Ģ	overnmental Activities				
	_	Milford Golf Course	-	Harbor Management		Total	_	Internal Service
Assets:								
Current:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	105	S	\$ 451	\$	556 \$	\$	17,535
Receivables, net		24				24		512
Due from other funds	-		_					139
Total current assets		129		451		580		18,186
Capital assets, net		2,050	_	1,311	_	3,361		
Total assets	-	2,179	-	1,762		3,941	_	18,186
Liabilities: Current: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds		1		10		11		199 14
Total current liabilities	-	1		10		11		213
Noncurrent: Due within one year: Risk management claims	_		-		. .			4,958
Total liabilities	_	1	-	10		11	_	5,171
Net Position: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	_	2,050 128		1,311 441		3,361 569		13,015
Total Net Position	\$_	2,178	5	\$1,752	\$	3,930	\$	13,015

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Bus	Ģ	overnmental Activities			
	-	Milford Golf Course	Harbor Management		Total	_	Internal Service
Operating revenues:				-			
Employer contributions	\$		\$	\$		\$	33,330
Charges for services		85	242		327		6,272
Other							235
Total operating revenues	-	85	242	-	327	_	39,837
Operating expenses:							
Health and welfare		48	215		263		
Depreciation		16	20		36		
Insurance premiums and claims expense					-		37,489
Total operating expenses	-	64	235	-	299	_	37,489
Operating income	_	21	7	-	28		2,348
Nonoperating revenue:							
Interest income			1		1		
Capital contribution		272			272		
Transfers in					-		20
Transfers out		(10)			(10)		
Total nonoperating revenue	-	262	1	-	263	_	20
Change in net position		283	8		291		2,368
Total net position, beginning of year	_	1,895	1,744	-	3,639	_	10,647
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$_	2,178	\$ 1,752	\$	3,930	\$_	13,015

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Business-Type Activities						Governmental Activities		
		Milford Golf Course		Harbor Management		Total	_	Internal Service		
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from contributions and charges for services Cash paid to employees Cash paid to vendors	\$	85	\$	242 (215)	\$	327 (215)	\$	40,159		
Cash payments for claims paid Net cash provided by operating activities		(47)	•	27	-	(47)	-	(37,186) 2,973		
Cash flows to/from noncapital financing activities: Transfers to/from other funds		(10)			_	(10)	_	20		
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received				1	_	1	_			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		28		28		56		2,993		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	77	•	423	_	500	-	14,542		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	105	\$	451	\$_	556	\$_	17,535		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:										
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	21	\$	7	\$	28	\$	2,348		
Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		16 (23) 24		20		36 (23) 24		376 (54) 289 14		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	38	\$	27	\$	65	\$	2,973		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Trust Funds			Agency Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,561	\$_	1,768
Investments:				
Certificate of deposits				120
Corporate bonds		24,290		
Foreign bonds		600		
U.S. government obligations		11,731		
Marketable equity securities		157,681		
Asset backed securities		13,128		
Alternative investments		106,412		
Mutual funds		5,533	_	
Total investments		319,375	_	120
Receivables		19	_	14
Total assets		339,955	\$_	1,902
Liabilities:				
Accounts and other payables		80	\$	14
Due to employees and students			÷ _	1,888
Total liabilities		80	\$_	1,902
Net Position:				
Held in Trust for Retirement Benefits	\$	339,875		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Trust Funds
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Plan members	\$	3,925
Employer-current year	Ŧ	13,924
Employer-additional		502
Total contributions	_	18,351
Miscellaneous		20
Investment income (loss):		
Net change in fair value of investments		(20,693)
Interest and dividends		21,288
Total investment income		595
Less investment expense		2,751
Net investment loss		(2,156)
Total additions		16,215
Deductions:		
Benefit payments and withdrawals		34,648
Administration		76
Total deductions		34,724
Change in net position		(18,509)
Net position held in trust, beginning of year		358,384
Net Position Held in Trust, End of Year	\$	339,875

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

(In Thousands)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Milford (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the City are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The government is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and 15-member Board of Aldermen. A 10-member Board of Education oversees all education activities. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present all of the governmental functions for which it is financially accountable.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For

(In Thousands)

this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Sewer Fund is used to account for revenue from the operation of the sewer system. The major source of revenue is user fees and investment income.

The Capital Nonrecurring Fund is used to account for those projects of the City, except for those of the school buildings or sewers, which are capital nonrecurring in nature. The major sources of revenue for this fund are intergovernmental revenues and bond proceeds.

The Sanitary Sewer Fund is used to account for activities related to the construction of sanitary sewers. The major sources of revenue for this fund are proceeds from the sale of bonds.

The School Facilities Fund is used to account for construction of school buildings and additions. The major sources of revenue for this fund are State revenues and proceeds from the sale of bonds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Milford Golf Course Fund accounts for the activity of the municipal golf course.

The Harbor Management Fund is used to account for the activity of Harbor area.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Funds account for the City's and Board of Education's health insurance, the City's workers' compensation insurance and the City's and Board of Education's property and casualty insurance.

The Trust Funds account for the activities of the Milford Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified City employees, and account for and accumulate resources for post-employment benefits due to City's retirees.

The Agency Funds account for monies from various self-funding school activity programs, inland/wetland bonds and planning and zoning bonds.

The trust funds use the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

(In Thousands)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain City's functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Municipal Golf Course enterprise fund, the Harbor Management enterprise fund, and the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied each June on the assessed value listed on the prior October 1 grand list for all taxable property located in the City. Although taxes are levied in June, the legal right to attach the property does not exist until July 1, and, as such, taxes are due and payable in equal installments on July 1 and January 1 following the date of the grand list. Taxes become overdue one month after the installment date. Interest accrues at the rate of 1.5% per month. Additional property taxes are assessed for motor vehicles registered subsequent to the grand list date and are payable in one installment due January 1.

(In Thousands)

In accordance with State law, the oldest outstanding tax is collected first. Prior to June 30 of each year, liens are automatically placed on outstanding real estate tax accounts, with legal demands and alias tax warrants used in the collection of personal property and motor vehicle tax bills.

Real estate, motor vehicle and personal property accounts are no longer collectible 15 years after the due date in accordance with State Statutes. A total of \$1.4 million has been established as an allowance for uncollectible taxes and interest.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Infrastructure	35-70
Motor vehicles	5-20
Office and other equipment	5-15

(In Thousands)

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet as deferred inflows of resources. Advance property tax and sewer collections represent tax and sewer fees inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. In addition, the City reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pensions in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). Also, for governmental funds, the City reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, special assessments and long-term loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

I. Compensated Absences

Under the terms of its various union contracts, City and Board of Education employees are granted vacation in varying amounts based on length of service. Certain employees may carry over a limited number of unused vacation days to subsequent years and, in the event of termination, these employees are reimbursed for accumulated vacation.

Under the terms of its various contracts, City and Board of Education employees are granted sick leave in varying amounts. Certain employees may carry over a limited number of unused sick days to subsequent years and, in the event of termination, these employees are reimbursed for accumulated sick time. Accumulated vacation and sick time is recognized as a liability of the City in the governmentwide statement of net position.

(In Thousands)

J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are also reported as other financing uses.

L. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investments in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position

Net position is restricted when there are externally imposed restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position

This component of net position includes anything that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investments in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

(In Thousands)

Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Aldermen has the highest level of decision making authority for the City of Milford. In order for the City to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment, the Mayor must make a recommendation to the Board of Aldermen, which has final authority. The Board of Aldermen is required to vote upon and approve a resolution to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board (Board of Alderman) or a body or official (Director of Finance) that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the City Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Prior to February 1, the Mayor and the Board of Education submit proposed budgets for their respective shares of the General Fund to the Board of Finance. Prior to April 1, the Board of Finance submits to the Board of Aldermen the proposed fiscal budget. The Board of Aldermen then holds hearings on the Board of Finance's proposed budget. The Board of Aldermen may reduce or delete any item contained in the Board of Finance's budget by a simple majority. The Board of Aldermen may increase or add to any item in the Board of Finance budget by a two-thirds vote. The Board of Aldermen adopts the budget for the following fiscal year and sets the mill rate. This budget, at the department level, becomes the legal level of control. For management purposes, the Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between like categories of line items within individual budgeted departments. All other transfers, as well as additional appropriations, must first be approved by the Board of Finance and then by the Board of Aldermen. Additional appropriations of \$568 were approved during the fiscal year.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for Capital Projects and Special Revenue Funds. Appropriations for these funds are continued until completion of applicable projects, which generally extend more than one fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as assigned or committed fund balance, in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all governmental fund types. For GAAP purposes, encumbrances outstanding at the year-end are reported as an assignment or commitment of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

(In Thousands)

The major difference between the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting is:

- Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reflected in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year whereas they are shown as an assigned fund balance on a GAAP basis of accounting.
- In accordance with GASB Statement No. 24, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance*, the City reports on-behalf contributions made by the State of Connecticut to the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System as revenue and expenditures for GAAP purposes.
- At the end of each fiscal year, the Board of Education's summer payroll is charged to the subsequent year's budget. As these expenditures should be accrued, this adjustment is necessary to properly record expenditures on a GAAP basis.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2015:

	Amount
Major: School Facilities Fund Sanitary Sewer Fund	\$ 11,848 4,216
Nonmajor: School Renovations	174

These deficits will be reduced or eliminated through the receipt of grant funds, permanent financing or future transfers from the General Fund.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open-end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

(In Thousands)

The Statutes also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). This investment pool is under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and is regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposit will not be returned. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$48,655 of the City's bank balance of \$52,401 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	45,798
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's		
trust department, not in the City's name		2,857
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$	48,655
,	· —	,

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2015, the City's cash equivalents amounted to \$53,341. The following table provides a summary of the City's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard & Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) Money market funds *	AAA/m

*Not rated

(In Thousands)

Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the City had the following investments:

					Investmen	t Maturities	(Years)
Investment Type	Credit Rating		Fair Value		Less Than 1	1 - 10	More Than 10
Interest-bearing							
Asset-backed securities	NR	\$	13,128	\$	\$	1,135 \$	11,993
Treasury notes	AAA		11,731		3,660	2,761	5,310
Corporate bonds	AA+		-				
Corporate bonds	A+ to A-		7,639			4,694	2,945
Corporate bonds	BBB+ to BBB-		242			242	
Corporate bonds	BB+ to BB-		7				7
Corporate bonds	B+ to B-		16,402		457	15,477	468
Foreign bonds	B-		600			600	
Certificates of deposit	*	_	237		120	117	
Total			49,986	\$_	<u>4,237</u> \$	25,026 \$	20,723
Other investments:							
Equities			157,681				
Alternative investments			106,412				
Mutual funds		_	5,533	-			
Total Investments		\$_	319,612	_			

*Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City limits their maximum final stated maturities to 15 years, unless specific authority is given to exceed. To the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

Credit Risk - Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The City has no formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City has no policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the City's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the City or that sells investments to or buys them for the City), the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2015, the City did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the City's name.

(In Thousands)

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General	 Sewer Fund		Milford Golf Course	_	Nonmajor and Aggregate Remaining Funds	. ,	Total
Receivables:									
Taxes	\$	13,956	\$ 193	\$		\$		\$	14,149
Accounts		190			24		722		936
Special assessments		89							89
Intergovernmental		488					242		730
Gross receivables Less allowance for	_	14,723	 193		24	-	964	• •	15,904
uncollectibles:	-	(1,149)				-			(1,149)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	13,574	\$ 193	: :	24	\$	964	\$	14,755

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	-	Beginning Balance	•	Increases	Decreases		Transfers	_	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	36,578	\$	371	\$	\$		\$	36,949
Construction in progress		133,949		10,471			(14,093)		130,327
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	170,527		10,842	-		(14,093)	_	167,276
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements		166,960					5,188		172,148
Improvements other than buildings		3,596		172			4,178		7,946
Machinery and equipment		38,737		1,790	(1,654)		4,149		43,022
Infrastructure		101,830					306	_	102,136
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	311,123		1,962	(1,654)		13,821	_	325,252
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements		(61,375)		(2,650)					(64,025)
Improvements other than buildings		(1,251)		(249)					(1,500)
Machinery and equipment		(29,879)		(1,982)	1,654				(30,207)
Infrastructure	_	(45,271)		(861)				_	(46,132)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(137,776)		(5,742)	1,654		-	_	(141,864)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	173,347	•	(3,780)			13,821	_	183,388
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	343,874	\$	7,062	\$:	(272)	\$_	350,664

(In Thousands)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$	1,654	\$	\$	\$	\$1,654_
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and system Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	468 1,230 693			272	740 1,230 693
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and system	2,391	. (13)		272	2,663
Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	(203) (157) (480) (920)	(13) (6) (17) (36)			(163) (163) (497) (956)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,471	(36)		272	1,707
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net \$	3,125	\$(36)	\$	272	\$ 3,361

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities: General government Administration Public safety Public service Education Health and welfare Grants to agencies	\$ 81 163 1,400 2,324 1,537 167 70
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 5,742
Business-type activities: Milford Golf Course Harbor Management	\$ 16 20
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 36

(In Thousands)

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

During the course of operations, transactions are processed through a fund on behalf of another fund. Additionally, revenues received in one fund are transferred to another fund. Interfund receivables and payables generally represent temporary balances arising from reimbursement type transactions. At June 30, 2015, the amounts due to and from other funds were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Capital Nonrecurring	General Fund	\$	626
General Fund	Capital Nonrecurring		664
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental		82
General Fund	Sanitary Sewer		260
General Fund	School Facilities		381
General Fund	Sewer Use		171
General Fund	Internal Service		14
Internal Service	Nonmajor Governmental		23
Internal Service	General Fund		47
Internal Service	Sewer Use		69
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund		87
Sewer Use	General Fund	-	155
Total		\$	2,579

Interfund transfers:

	(Capital	Nonmajor	Health	Total
	Nor	nrecurring	Governmental	Insurance	 Transfer Out
Transfers out: General Fund Milford Golf Course Sewer Use Fund	\$	697 10 90	\$ 547	\$ 20	\$ 1,264 10 90
Total	\$	797	\$ 547	20	\$ 1,364

General Fund transfers are made in accordance with budget appropriations and authorized allocation transfers. The General Fund transfers to other funds are primarily for the purpose of establishing local funding for capital projects to reduce bonding. Transfers are used to move unrestricted general fund revenues to fund various programs that must be accounted for separately in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(In Thousands)

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

Bonds payable at June 30, 2015 amounted to \$123,580 with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% on bonds maturing at various dates through the year 2035. Grants receivable to offset future City principal payments totaled \$488 from State of Connecticut school construction grants. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate long-term liabilities.

Bonds authorized and unissued totaled \$35,330 at June 30, 2015. A summary of the long-term indebtedness transactions for the current fiscal year follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 119,490	\$ 29,130	\$ (25,040) \$	123,580	\$ 8,910
Bond premium	1,376	3,004	(229)	4,151	
Total bonds payable	120,866	32,134	(25,269)	127,731	8,910
Long-term note payable	35,400		(2,111)	33,289	2,144
Claims and judgments	4,411	547		4,958	4,958
Compensated absences	19,043	48	(4,710)	14,381	935
Net pension liability		37,817	. ,	37,817	
Net OPEB obligation	118,240	14,230		132,470	
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 297,960	\$ 84,776	\$ (32,090) \$	350,646	\$ 16,947

The following is a schedule of long-term debt maturity:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest	_	Total
2016	\$	8,910	\$ 4,196	\$	13,106
2017		9,180	3,899		13,079
2018		8,970	3,587		12,557
2019		8,630	3,257		11,887
2020		8,465	2,915		11,380
2021-2025		37,875	9,915		47,790
2026-2030		29,110	4,326		33,436
2031-2035		12,440	755	_	13,195
	-			_	
Total	\$	123,580	\$ 32,850	\$	156,430

(In Thousands)

Long-Term Note Payable

The City has several State of Connecticut Clean Water serial notes outstanding. The interest rate is 2% and the notes are payable through May 31, 2029. The principal and interest payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
Julie 30,	-	Frincipal	-	Interest	-	Total
2016	\$	2,144	\$	644	\$	2,788
2017		2,188		604		2,792
2018		2,232		554		2,786
2019		2,278		513		2,791
2020		2,324		466		2,790
2021-2025		12,343		1,613		13,956
2026-2029	_	9,780	_	391		10,171
	_		_		_	
Total	\$_	33,289	\$	4,785	\$	38,074

General Obligation Bonds - Advance Bond Refunding

On December 17, 2014, the City issued \$14,935 in general obligation bonds, with an average interest rate of 4.00% to refund outstanding bonds with an average rate of 4.5%. The bonds refunded were as follows: \$3,300 of outstanding 2007 general obligation bonds, \$6,750 of outstanding 2009 general obligation bonds and \$6,040 of outstanding 2009 Series B general obligation bonds. The net proceeds of \$17,312 (after payment of issuance costs of \$150) were deposited with an escrow agent in an irrevocable trust fund. The proceeds were used to buy a portfolio of direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States of America to provide all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. The refunded bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position. The transaction generated a cash flow savings of \$729 and a present value savings of \$645. The outstanding balance of the defeased bonds as of June 30, 2015 is \$16,090 and the escrow balance is \$17,036.

Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the City had defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. The outstanding balance of the defeased bonds as of June 30, 2015 is \$2,340 and the escrow balance is \$2,444.

(In Thousands)

Bond Anticipation Notes

Bond anticipation notes, which serve as temporary financing for certain capital projects, were outstanding at June 30, 2015.

	_	Amount
Notes payable, July 1, 2014	\$	21,526
Notes issued		27,380
Notes retired		(31,516)
Notes Payable, June 30, 2015	\$	17,390

During the year, the City issued \$9,990 in notes dated November 10, 2014, which matured May 8, 2015 and carried an interest rate of 1%. The City also issued notes on November 10, 2014 in the amount of \$1,810 with a maturity date of November 9, 2015 and interest rate of 1.25%. On May 8, 2015 the City issued \$15,580 in notes that mature on November 9, 2015 and carry an interest rate of 1%. These notes serve as temporary financing for various general purpose, school and sewer projects.

Other Obligations

At June 30, 2015, the dollar value of City employees' and Board of Education employees' accumulated vacation and sick time has been valued using the vesting methods outlined in GASB Statement No. 16. These obligations are typically funded by the General Fund.

Debt Limitation

The City's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	 Debt Limit	-	Net Indebtedness	Balance
General purpose	\$ 386,044	\$	62,546 \$	323,498
Schools Sewers	772,088 643,406		57,959 88,596	714,129 554,810
Urban renewal	557,619		00,090	557,619
Pension deficit	514,725			514,725

The total overall statutory debt limit for the City is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$1,201,025).

The indebtedness reflected above includes long-term debt outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding. School indebtedness is net of \$488 of State of Connecticut school building grant commitments.

(In Thousands)

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City and the Board of Education are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and others; and natural disasters. For FY2015, the City and the Board of Education Property, General Liability, Auto Liability, Public Officials' Liability, Police Professional Liability, and Educators' Liability were insured by CIRMA with deductibles of \$1,000 for auto physical damage and \$-0- for other liability coverage. Law Enforcement/Public Officials/School Leaders has a \$25,000 deductible and Employee Benefits has a deductible of \$1,000. The Board of Education insures its Workers' Compensation with CIRMA.

The Property/Inland Marine Insurance and Boiler and Machinery Insurance are with CIRMA Insurance. The policy has a deductible of \$50,000. There is \$20,000,000 of coverage for flood damage under this policy. Flood Zones A and V have a deductible of \$1,000,000. The City has purchased coverage from the National Flood Program to cover this deductible. The National Flood Program has a maximum deductible of \$25,000.

All City deductibles and premiums for the City portion of insurance are paid from the City's Property and Casualty Self Insurance Fund. The Board of Education pays for its premiums and deductibles from its operations budget.

The Property and Casualty Self Insurance Fund is an internal service fund that was established by the Board of Aldermen in April 2003 along with a self-insurance program for property and casualty insurance. This fund pays for claims that occurred between April 23, 2003 and June 30, 2008. The General Liability, Auto Liability, Public Officials' Liability, Police Professional Liability and Educator's Liability were self-insured for the first \$250 thousand dollars of each claim. There is still one claim open from this period. The City and Board of Education did not have any claims that exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

The claims liability reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2015 is based on GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded.

	Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims	Claim Payments	_	Liability June 30,
06/30/14 06/30/15	\$ 221 213	\$ 1,279 1,306	\$ 1,287 1,253	\$	213 266

The Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund is used to account for and finance workers' compensation costs for City employees and City Grant Agency employees. Contributions to the Workers' Compensation Fund from the General Fund are made based upon actuarial calculations. Payments are made by Grant Agencies and the Sewer Fund based upon NCCI rates based on payroll.

The City carries an Excess Workers' Compensation Policy with Safety National Casualty Corporation with a self-insured retention per occurrence of \$500,000. The City and Board of Education did not have any claims that exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

The General Fund will be used to cover any uninsured risks of loss.

(In Thousands)

Changes in the claims liability for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	_	Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims	 Claim Payments	 Liability June 30,	_
06/30/14 06/30/15	\$	2,036 2,198	\$ 1,185 1,854	\$ 1,023 1,500	\$ 2,198 2,552	

The Health Insurance Service Fund is used to account for and finance indemnity medical coverage for eligible City, Board of Education and City Grant Agency employees and dependents, and prior employees and dependents entitled to continue participation in the City's plan under the provisions of COBRA. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual limit on individual medical claims chargeable to the Fund is \$100,000. Payments to the Health Insurance Fund are made by the Grant Agencies, the Sewer Use Fund, the Special Education Grants Fund, the Special Grants Fund, the Harbor Management Enterprise Fund and persons continuing coverage under COBRA in an amount equal to the premium an individual would pay for continuation coverage under the group program. The City makes General Fund contributions to the Health Insurance Fund based on budgeted amounts, which, in conjunction with estimated Grant contributions, total the year's estimated expected losses. Employee and applicable retirees under age 65 also make contributions to the fund through premium cost share. The City and Board of Education did not have any claims that exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

Changes in the claims liability for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	_	Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims	 Claim Payments	 Liability June 30,
06/30/14 06/30/15	\$	1,753 2,000	\$ 35,551 34,329	\$ 35,304 34,189	\$ 2,000 2,140

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

The City of Milford is the administrator of a single-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established and administered by the City to provide pension benefits for its full-time employees other than teachers who are covered by the Retirement System - State Teachers Retirement Board. The Retirement System is considered to be part of the City of Milford's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The City does not issue stand-alone financial statements for the Pension Trust Fund.

Management of the Retirement System rests with the Pension and Retirement Board, which consists of 24 members, who are appointed by the Board of Aldermen.

Benefits vest after 10 years for General City members (5 years for Public Works, Supervisors, Custodians and Cafeteria Workers); there is no vesting for Police and Fire members. Except for Police and Fire, members who retire after age 60 with 10 years of service (5 years for Public Works, Supervisors, Custodians and Cafeteria Workers) or the age at which the sum of age and service equal 80 (79 for non-represented members and Board of Education Contract Secretaries) are entitled to an

(In Thousands)

annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 2% or 2-1/4% of their final average salary for each year of credited service. Police and Fire members who retire after 20 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 45% times average annual pay plus 2% times average annual pay times credited service over 20 years. Supplemental benefits for Police members who were hired prior to April 6, 1989 and Fire members are based on 1/2 of salary increases given to members in the grade that the member was in at the time of retirement.

Final average salary is the average of the 2 or 3 highest fiscal years compensation. General city members with 10 years of service (5 years for Public Works, Custodians and Cafeteria Workers) may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit. If a member leaves covered employment or dies before meeting the vesting requirements, accumulated employee contributions with interest thereon are refunded. Benefits and employee contributions are fixed by contract and may be amended by union negotiation. The surviving spouse of a Fire active member or retiree who retired after November 1, 1988 receives a fixed pension supplement equal to 50% of average annual pay at death or retirement, payable monthly for life. The surviving spouse of a Police active member or retiree who retired after June 29, 2001 receives a fixed pension supplement equal to 50% of average annual pay at death or retirement, payable monthly for life.

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2014:

	City of Milford Retirement System
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them Active plan members	750 19 703
Total	1,472

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The PERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments, as well as per statutory or contractual requirements. Benefit payments and refunds are payable when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the PERS. All administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Plan Changes

The City benefits reflect the 2012 ad-hoc COLA that was approved effective May 1, 2013. The change increased the City cost about \$140,000.

(In Thousands)

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The investment return assumption has been changed from 8.00% to 7.75%, net of investment expenses. This change increased costs for the City, Fire, and Police approximately \$0.5, \$0.3, and \$0.1 million respectively.

A. City of Milford Retirement System

General City members are required to contribute 2.25% of annual compensation up to \$4,200 plus 5% of compensation in excess of \$4,200 (4% of compensation in excess of \$4,200 for MEA and MSA members and non-represented members with 15 or more years of service). Fire employees hired on or before January 31, 2015 shall contribute 8% of annual salary; upon reaching 15 years of service, the contribution requirement is 7% and at the 25 year contribution is 6%. Fire employees hired on or after February 1, 2015 shall contribute 10%. Police employees hired prior to February 2, 1995 are required to contribute 5% of annual salary; at 20 years of service contribution is 4.5%. Police employees hired on or after February 2, 1995 but prior to November 22, 2014 are required to contribute 8%. Police employees hired on or after November 22, 2014 are required to contribute 10%. The contributions by employees are determined by collective bargaining. The City is required by ordinance to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to provide benefits for the members.

Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Pension Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Pension Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2015:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
US Lorge Con Equity	25.00%
US Large Cap Equity	
US Mid/Small Cap Equity	15.00%
International Developed Equity	10.00%
International Emerging Market Equity	5.00%
Core Fixed Income	25.00%
High Yield Fixed Income	2.50%
International Fixed Income	2.50%
REITs	5.00%
Other (hedge fund, etc.)	10.00%
	100.00%
	100.00 //

(In Thousands)

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was (0.62%). The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 373,063
Plan fiduciary net position	 335,246
Net pension liability	\$ 37,817
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension	89.86%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	Age related table
Investment rate of return	7.75%
Cost of living adjustments:	
Post-retirement benefit increases	None, except for Police hired after April 6, 1989 - 3%/annum

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Fully Projected Mortality Table with male and female rates and separate tables for employees and annuitants. The actuarial method used for calculating the total pension liability was the Entry Age Normal cost method.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2011.

(In Thousands)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class R	ate of Return
US Large Cap Equity	4.75%
US Mid/Small Cap Equity	5.50%
International Developed Equity	5.25%
International Emerging Market Equity	6.00%
Core Fixed Income	2.00%
High Yield Fixed Income	3.25%
International Fixed Income	2.50%
REITs	5.00%
Other (hedge fund, etc.)	5.25%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate was changed from 8.0% since the prior measurement date.

(In Thousands)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Inc	crease (Decrease)	
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of June 30, 2014	\$ 353,977 \$	354,294 \$	(317)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	7,299		7,299
Interest on total pension liability	27,998		27,998
Changes in benefit terms	(1,759)		(1,759)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(908)		(908)
Changes in assumptions	9,513		9,513
Employer contributions		3,925	(3,925)
Member contributions		2,332	(2,332)
Net investment income		(2,192)	2,192
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions	(23,057)	(23,057)	-
Administrative expenses		(76)	76
Other changes		20	(20)
Net changes	19,086	(19,048)	38,134
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$ 373,063 \$	335,246 \$	37,817

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current			
	1	% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)
City Net Pension Liability	\$	79,252 \$	\$ 37,817	\$	2,894

(In Thousands)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$11,093. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	7,814	\$	746
actual earnings on pension plan investments		23,898		
Total	\$	31,712	\$	746

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,

2016	\$ 7,512
2017	7,512
2018	7,511
2019	7,511
2020	920

B. State of Connecticut Police and Fire Survivors' Plan

The City makes monthly contributions to the State Survivors' Plan based upon an amount invoiced by the State. The State Survivors' Plan makes monthly payments to the surviving spouses of police and fire retirees. The City has no information concerning payments made by or the funding status of this plan. City contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$479.

C. Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

(In Thousands)

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

(In Thousands)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	 131,584
Total	\$ 131,584

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2015, the City has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense and revenue of \$9,872,570 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

00%, including inflation
net of pension plan investment nse, including inflation
,

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA, with a two-year setback for males and females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

Future cost-of-living increases for members who retire on or after September 1, 1992 are assumed to be an annual cost-of-living adjustment of 2%.

(In Thousands)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities Developed non-U.S. equities	21.0% 18.0%	5.8% 6.6%
Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.3%
Core fixed income	8.0%	1.3%
Inflation linked bond fund	5.0%	1.0%
Emerging market bond High yield bonds	4.0% 5.0%	3.7% 3.9%
Real estate	7.0%	5.1%
Private equity	11.0%	7.6%
Alternative investments	8.0%	4.1%
Liquidity fund	4.0%	0.4%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$0 and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the City has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

(In Thousands)

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

City

In addition to the pension benefits, all City employees retiring under the City of Milford Retirement Plan are provided postemployment benefits. Individual stand-alone statements are not issued. Effective July 1, 2011, the City established the OPEB Trust Fund, which converted the existing balance in the OPEB fund to the Trust. The City continues to make annual contributions to the OPEB Trust Fund. This trust fund was opened for the purpose of segregating balances for postemployment benefits. All related activity is now shown in the newly established OPEB Trust Fund. The level of these benefits is determined by contract for all union employees and by a City ordinance for all non-represented employees. Per contracts and ordinances, the City will pay a portion of the cost of these benefits. Benefits provided are as follows: 1) for retirees under 65, the City must currently provide Blue Cross/Blue Shield hospitalization, medical/surgical, prescription drug and major medical coverage's (varying deductibles) with coverages provided to both the retired employee and eligible dependents; 2) for retired employees and their eligible dependents, the City must provide Blue Cross/Blue Shield 65 coverage and also reimburse the Medicare Part B premium for each eligible retiree and retiree spouse eligible for Medicare; 3) the City also provides life insurance coverage based on union contracts. Health care costs are as follows:

Pre-65: General City Fire Police	\$11,129 per year \$10,807 per year \$10,807 per year
Post-65: BC 65 Low Option Plan 82	\$1,532 per year \$2,565 per year
Medicare Part B: Actives Retirees	\$1,379 per year \$1,259 per year

Board of Education

The Board of Education provides certain post-retirement benefits to retirees through negotiated contracts. Eligibility for benefits is as follows:

Teachers: Prior to age 65 retiree and spouse pay full premium minus the Teachers' Retirement Board subsidy (eligible if receiving a retirement allowance from the Teacher's Retirement Board). Post 65, Board of Education pays premium in full for participant only, spouse pays premium minus subsidy. Effective September 1, 2014, Board of Education pays the premium for insurance obtained through the Teachers' Retirement board for the participant only.

Para-professionals: Retiree and spouse pay 50% of premium at age 60 with 15 years of service. No benefits after age 65.

Custodians: No cost to retiree or spouse until age 65 if at least age 60 with 10 years of service at retirement. At age 65, retiree and spouse must pay for prescription and dental coverage if elected.

(In Thousands)

Secretaries: No cost to retiree or spouse if retiree is at least 60 with 10 years of service at retirement or age plus service equals 79. (Note: Rule of 79 also applies to custodians and cafeteria workers.) If employee was hired after June 30, 2002, retiree and spouse pay same cost share as active employees until age 65.

Cafeteria Workers: No cost to retiree or spouse until age 65 if employee is at lease age 60 with 10 years of service at retirement. At age 65, retiree and spouse must pay for prescription and dental coverage if elected.

Administrators: If retired before age 65, must be receiving retirement allowance from the Teachers' Retirement Board to qualify for benefits. No cost to retiree or spouse if the percentage of premium that the employee pays prior to retirement is less than the Teachers' Retirement Board subsidy. If cost is greater than the subsidy, retiree pays the difference. If subsidy is eliminated, retiree pays percentage of cost in effect at time of retirement. At age 65, there is no cost to the retiree or spouse for medical insurance. Retirement date on or after July 1, 2010, retiree and spouse must pay for dental coverage, regardless of age.

The Board provides Medicare Part A and B supplemental coverage and life insurance for retirees over 65. The Board of Education does not provide any financial assistance to those teachers who retire prior to age 65. The State Teachers' Retirement Board provides a \$110 (single) and/or \$220 (two-person) per month per employee as a subsidy to offset the post-employment costs. Life insurance is provided to Union employees as follows: Administrators 100% of salary; Teacher 50% of salary; support or non-certified staff \$10,000 or less. The Life Insurance Amount is fixed and does not get adjusted for inflation, cost of living, or any other index. Health care costs are as follows:

Pre-65 (for current active members who retire): Board of Ed-Café Board of Ed-Cust Board of Ed-Sec Board of Ed-Para Administrators Teachers	<u>As of July 1, 2014:</u> \$11,774 per year \$10,915 per year \$10,848 per year \$10,936 per year \$10,565 per year \$10,936 per year
Pre-65 (for current retirees who are under 65): Based on plan selected	
Post-65 (for current active members who retire and current retirees who are over 65): Plan 82 only Hi Option with Plan 82 and Major Medical (\$50,000) Hi Option with Plan 82 and Major Medical (\$250,000) Hi Option with Plan 82 and No Rx	<u>As of 1/1/15:</u> \$1,022 per year \$4,825 per year \$4,949 per year \$2,344 per year
Plan F with Rx Medicare Part B: Retirees Post-65 (for current retirees who are under 65):	\$6,941 per year \$1,259 per year
Based on plan selected - Dental plan	\$513 per year

(In Thousands)

B. Membership

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2014:

	Board of Education Retiree Medical Benefit Plan	City of Milford Retiree Medical Benefit Plan
Number of retirees and eligible surviving spouses	584	519
Number of active participants	957	521
Total	1,541	1,040

C. Description of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision, as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on benefits provided under the terms of the plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The following is a summary of certain significant actuarial assumptions and other PERS information:

	Board of Education Retiree Medical Benefit Plan	City of Milford Retiree Medical Plan
Actuarial valuation date	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level dollar	Level dollar
Remaining amortization period	30 years - open	30 years - open
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return Projected salary increases	5.0%/annum 4.5%/annum	5.0%/annum n/a

Medical Trend Rates

Board of Education and City retirees

9% in 2014, reducing by 0.5% each year to a final 5% per year rate for 2022 and later for pre-age 65 plans. 8% in 2014, reducing by 1.0% each year to a final 5% per year rate for 2017 and later for postage 65 plans.

(In Thousands)

Retirement Assumptions

City

General City: Age 62 or completion of 10 years of service if later, minimum age on valuation date plus one year.

Fire: 20 years of service, minimum age 53, maximum age 60, minimum age on valuation date plus one year.

Police: 20 years of service, minimum age 45, maximum age 60, minimum age on valuation date plus one year.

Board of Education

Cafeteria Workers, Custodians, Secretaries: age 50 with 10 years of service, minimum age on valuation date plus one year.

Teachers and Administrators: age 60 with 10 years of service or age 55 with 20 years of service, minimum age on valuation date plus one year.

Para-professionals: age 60 with 15 years of service, minimum age on valuation date plus one year.

D. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The City and Board of Education's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation for the current year was as follows:

	-	Board of Education Retiree Medical Benefit Plan	_	City of Milford Retiree Medical Benefit Plan
Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	14,781 3,216 (3,985)	\$	12,455 2,696 (3,341)
Annual OPEB cost Contribution made	-	14,012 5,094	_	11,810 6,498
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation, July 1, 2014	-	8,918 64,310	_	5,312 53,930
Net OPEB obligation, June 30, 2015	\$	73,228	\$	59,242

(In Thousands)

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 is presented below.

	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	_	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	_	Net OPEB Obligation
Board of Education						
6/30/13 6/30/14 6/30/15	\$ 13,860 13,863 14,012	\$	3,741 3,429 5,094	27.0% 27.7% 36.4%	\$	53,877 64,310 73,228
City						
6/30/13 6/30/14 6/30/15	\$ 14,297 11,666 11,810	\$	6,425 6,407 6,498	44.9% 54.9% 55.0%	\$	48,671 53,930 59,242

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Board of Education							
Fiscal		Annual	Percentage				
Year		Required	of ARC				
Ended		Contribution	Contributed				
6/30/10	\$	12,414	22.2%				
6/30/11		13,035	27.8				
6/30/12		13,698	29.0				
6/30/13		14,383	26.0				
6/30/14		14,507	23.6				
6/30/15		14,781	34.5				
		City					
Fiscal		Annual	Percentage				
Year		Required	of ARC				
Ended		Contribution	Contributed				
6/30/10	\$	14,070	35.4%				
6/30/11		14,773	34.4				
6/30/12		14,081	57.6				
6/30/13		14,785	43.4				
6/30/14		12,248	52.3				
6/30/15		12,455	52.2				

(In Thousands)

Schedule of Funding Progress

The annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation (asset):

City

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	_	Underfunded AAL (OAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	<u> </u>	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/10 7/1/12 7/1/14	\$	- 2,232 4,090	\$ 133,711 129,798 126,084	\$	133,711 127,565 121,994	- 1.72% 3.24%	\$	32,996 34,856 35,442	405.0% 366.0% 344.0%

Board of Education

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	 Underfunded AAL (OAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	_	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/10	\$ -	\$ 131,639	\$ 131,639	-	\$	62,165	212.0%
7/1/12	-	142,358	142,358	-		61,276	232.3%
7/1/14	-	145,420	145,420	-		57,803	251.6%

(In Thousands)

11. PENSION AND OPEB TRUST FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES

Combining Schedule of Net Position - Trust Funds

	Pensior Trust	1	City OPEB Trust	
	Funds		Fund	Total
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$	23	\$
Investments: Certificate of deposits				
Corporate bonds	24,290			24,290
Foreign bonds	600			600
U.S. government obligations	11,731			11,731
Marketable equity securities	157,681			157,681
Asset backed securities	13,128			13,128
Alternative investments	106,412			106,412
Mutual funds	927	, 	4,606	5,533
Total investments	314,769		4,606	319,375
Receivables	19	<u> </u>		19
Total assets	335,326		4,629	339,955
Liabilities:				
Accounts and other payables	80	<u> </u>		80
Net Position:				
Held in Trust for Retirement Benefits	\$ <u>335,246</u>	\$	4,629	\$

(In Thousands)

Combining Schedules of Changes in Net Position - Trust Funds

		Pension Trust Funds		City OPEB Trust Fund		Total
	_	Fullas		Fullu		TOLAI
Additions:						
Contributions:						
Plan members	\$	3,925	\$	\$;	3,925
Employer-current year		2,332		11,592		13,924
Employer-additional	_			502		502
Total contributions	_	6,257		12,094		18,351
Miscellaneous	_	20				20
Investment income:						
Net change in fair value of investments		(20,519)		(174)		(20,693)
Interest and dividends		21,064		224		21,288
	-	545		50		595
Less investment expense		2,737		14		2,751
Net investment gain (loss)	-	(2,192)	_	36		(2,156)
Total additions	_	4,085		12,130		16,215
Deductions:						
Benefit payments and withdrawals		23,057		11,591		34,648
Administration		76		,		76
Total deductions	-	23,133		11,591		34,724
Net Change		(19,048)		539		(18,509)
Net position held in trust, beginning of year	_	354,294		4,090		358,384
Net Position Held in Trust, End of Year	\$_	335,246	\$	4,629 \$		339,875

(In Thousands)

12. FUND BALANCE

Significant encumbrances at June 30, 2015 are contained in the table below in both the assigned and committed categories of the General Fund.

		General Fund		Sewer Fund	N	Capital onrecurring Fund	J	Sanitary Sewer Fund		School Facilities Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total
Fund balances:	_	T and	-	T dild		T unu		T unu	•	T unu			Total
Nonspendable:													
	\$	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	28 \$	28
Prepaids		21			·	13					·		34
Restricted for:													
Grants												468	468
Committed to:													
Capital projects				4,616		2,603							7,219
General government		1,055		·		,						5,618	6,673
Education												1,928	1,928
Debt service												3,743	3,743
Assigned to:													
Subsequent year's budge	et	3,500											3,500
Debt service		465											465
Encumbrances:													
General government		668											668
Public safety		380											380
Public services		324											324
Health and welfare		28											28
Education		2,331											2,331
Unassigned		16,336	_				-	(4,216)		(11,848)		(174)	98
Total Fund Balances	\$	25,108	\$_	4,616	\$	2,616	\$	(4,216)	\$	(11,848)	\$	11,611 \$	27,887

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (AMOUNTS NOT ROUNDED)

On June 30, 2005, the City and Milford Power Company, LLC (the MPC) entered into a Property Tax Payment Agreement. The MPC withdrew its assessment appeals for Grand Lists of 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004. The assessment had been \$183,073,530 generating over \$5,000,000 in taxes. (The assessment and the taxes would have significantly decreased in future years due to depreciation of the personal property.) In return, the City accepted scheduled payments in lieu of taxes for the fiscal years of 2006 through 2015. Payments will be made in July and January of each fiscal year. The payment schedule was \$1,687,500 for each six-month period from July 2005 through January 2009. Payments were \$1,875,000 for each six-month period from July 2009 through January 2011 and will be \$1,750,000 for each six-month period from July 2011 through January 2015. The MPC made the July 2014 and January 2015 payments and is up to date with all their payments.

The City also entered into a Water Access Agreement with the MPC. The MPC opted to terminate that agreement and the City began reimbursing the MPC a total of \$1,300,000 commencing in July 2009. This will be accomplished by reducing by \$325,000 the scheduled July payment disclosed above each year for four years from July 2009 through July 2012.

(In Thousands)

As a result of the Property Tax Payment Agreement, the Assessor issued a certificate of correction in June 2005 removing the \$183,073,530 from the Grand List of 2004. Since this occurred after the October 1, 2004 Grand List was signed, the reduction does not appear in any of the Grand List 2004 figures, including the Net Taxable Grand List (shown as \$3,999,996,598) in the Property Tax Levies and Collections. The Adjusted Annual Levy of \$122,782,000 does reflect the reduction.

On June 24, 2013, the City settled a tax appeal with the Connecticut Post Mall Limited Partnership. Under this settlement, the City lowered its real property assessment for the 2012 Grand List from \$147,529,970 to \$133,000,000. Additionally, the City adjusted its 2011 assessment to \$133,000,000. This resulted in a total credit due to the Partnership of \$752,764. By terms of the court-approved settlement, the credit will be given to the Partnership over two fiscal years in the form of a credit tax bill, which began in July 2013 and ended in July 2014.

On June 28, 2010, the City entered into a Property Tax Payment Agreement with GenConn Devon LLC. The City accepted a 30-year payment schedule calling for annual payments in lieu of taxes to be made to the City through May 1, 2040. Payment amounts are as follows: 06/30/2010 - \$ 500,000; 05/01/2011 - \$2,500,000; 05/01/2012 - \$3,000,000; 05/01/2013 through 05/01/2040 - \$2,025,000. GenConn is up to date with all their payments.

There are various lawsuits and claims pending against the City's various Boards and Departments, none of which, individually or in the aggregate, is believed by counsel to be likely to result in a judgment or judgments which would seriously affect the City's financial position.

The City has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, City management believes that such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On November 9, 2015, the City issued \$8,350 of general obligation bonds and \$13,360 and \$2,580 of bond anticipation notes maturing November 1, 2035, May 9, 2016 and November 7, 2016, respectively. The general obligation bonds and bond anticipation notes carry interest rates of 2.0-5.0% and 1.0%, respectively.

15. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT AND RESTATEMENT

The following restatements were recorded to the beginning of net position of the governmental activities as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27:

Net position at June 30, 2014, as previously reported	\$	94,805
Adjustments: Eliminate net pension assets reported per GASB No. 27 Record net pension asset per GASB No. 68	_	(21) 317
Net Position at July 1, 2014, as Restated	\$	95,101

Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Budgete	d Ar	nounts				ariance - avorable
	_	Original		Final	-	Actual	-	favorable)
General Property Taxes and Assessments:								
Current taxes	\$	168,577	\$	168,577	\$	170,447	\$	1,870
Personal property audit		100		100		241		141
Prior year's levies		1,700		1,700		1,100		(600)
Flood and erosion assessments		71		71		43		(28)
Suspense collections		8		8	_	28		20
Total general property taxes and assessments		170,456		170,456	-	171,859		1,403
Fines, Forfeitures Penalties and Interest:								
Interest and liens		1,200		1,200	-	1,199		(1)
Federal, State and Local Governments:								
Other State grants		100		100		100		-
School transportation aid - State		260		260		266		6
Education cost sharing		11,382		11,382		11,412		30
State realty in lieu of tax		556		556		556		-
Pequot State Aid		399		399		399		-
Elderly tax credit		460		460		470		10
Total disability exemptions						6		6
PILOT - private exemptions		456		456		448		(8)
Veteran grants		155		155		150		(5)
School debt - interest		29		29		29		-
School debt - principal		258		258		258		-
Telephone access grant		105		105		107		2
Shellfish Taxes		2		2		3		1
State aid for health		112		112		107		(5)
OTB Wagering Share	_	75		75	_	70		(5)
Total federal, state and local government		14,349	. <u> </u>	14,349	-	14,381		32
Investment Income:								
Investments in idle funds		13		13		39		26
Rental of other property	_	46		46	_	50		4
Total investment income		59		59	-	89		30

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	_	Budgete	d Ar	nounts			Variance - Favorable
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Other Revenue:							
Rental of school property	\$	12	\$	12	\$	11	\$ (1)
PILOT - Water Authority		432		432	•	427	(5)
Power Plant Settlement		3,500		3,500		3,500	-
Genconn PT		2,025		2,025		2,025	-
Miscellaneous other revenues		, 4		4		106	102
Inland wetland fees		2		2		8	6
Total other revenue	_	5,975	_	5,975	_	6,077	102
Licenses, Permits and Other Charges:							
Devices and amusements		19		19		21	2
Vending permits		7		7		9	2
Disposal area licenses		45		45		49	4
Recording documents		355		355		380	25
Conveyance tax		600		600		848	248
General copying fees		75		75		77	2
Fire Department fees		2		2		15	13
Paramedic fees		100		100		210	110
Building inspection fees		625		625		657	32
Police fines and forfeits		60		60		20	(40)
Fingerprinting		12		12		9	(3)
False alarm fees		23		23		24	1
Fire Department false alarm fines		1		1			(1)
Street opening permits		7		7		8	1
Engineering fees		4		4		6	2
Residential waste fees		80		80		103	23
Health inspection fees		73		73		77	4
Planning and zoning fees		28		28		39	11
Zoning appeals fees		8		8		5	(3)
Recreation fees		47		47		58	11
Walnut Beach parking		13		13		17	4
Parking fines judicial		10		10		14	4
Vehicle violations judicial		18		18		34	16
Mobile fee		3		3		2	(1)
Sewer assessments		3		3		19	16
Animal shelter redemption		5		5		6	1
Dog Fund - City share		7		7		12	5

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgete	d A	mounts				Variance - Favorable
	Original	Final		-	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Licenses, Permits and Other Charges (continued):							
Sale of Other Property	\$	\$		\$	10	\$	10
Recycling revenues	65		65		120		55
PILOT - Federal payments	1		1		1		-
Sticker fees	1		1		1		-
Bingo permits share	1		1	-	1		-
Total licenses, permits and other charges	2,298		2,298	-	2,852	_	554
Total revenues	194,337		194,337	-	196,457	_	2,120
Other financing sources:							
Use of fund balance	4,000		4,568				
Sale of capital assets				-	80		80
Total other financing sources	4,000		4,568	-	80		80
Total Budgeted Revenues and Other Financing Sou	\$ 198,337	\$	198,905		196,537	\$_	2,200
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenu	es because:						
State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the	Connecticut Sta	ate	Teachers'				
Retirement System for Town teachers are not but	dgeted				9,873		
Premium on bond issuance					477		
Premium on refunding bonds					2,527		
Proceeds from sale of refunding bonds					14,935		
Encumbrances for purchases and commitments the	at were subseq	uer	ntly				
cancelled in the next fiscal year				-	(48)		
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Re	ported on the St	tate	ment of				
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Ba	ances - Govern	mei	ntal Funds -				
Exhibit IV				\$	224,301		

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Expenditures and	Uncommitted
	Original	Amended	Encumbrances	Balance
General Government:				
Board of Aldermen \$	6	\$6	\$ 4 \$	2
Elections	130	130	105	25
Registrar of Voters	147	147	145	2
Milford Govt Access Television	16	16	15	1
Mayor's Office	268	267	266	1
General expenses	435	403	346	57
Community Development Department	114	114	114	-
City Clerk	364	368	363	5
Law Department	607	579	578	1
Ethics Commission	1	1		1
Probate Court	17	17	16	1
Board of Finance	1	1	1	-
Planning and Zoning Board	994	990	901	89
Board of Tax Review	3	3	2	1
Board of Zoning Appeals	11	11	6	5
Pension Board	4	4	4	-
Flood and Erosion Board	1	1	1	-
Tree Commission	2	2	1	1
Park and Recreation Commission	2	2		2
Conservation Commission	1	1		1
Flower memorial commission	6	6	5	1
Public library	1,087	1,087	1,058	29
Total general government	4,217	4,156	3,931	225
Administration:				
Finance Department	1,679	1,652	1,577	75
Data Processing Department	745	745	723	22
Personnel Department	208	208	199	9
Total administration	2,632	2,605	2,499	106
Public Safety:				
Police Department	11,554	11,377	11,046	331
Fire Department	11,285	11,247	11,182	65
Civil Preparedness	95	95	93	2
Animal Control	328	308	282	26
Lighting hydrant water	1,795	1,853	1,848	5
Total public safety	25,057	24,880	24,451	429

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	-	Budgete	ed /	Amounts	Expenditures and	Uncommitted
	-	Original		Amended	Encumbrances	Balance
Public Services:						
Public Works Office	\$	269	\$	269	\$ 249 \$	20
Highway-parks division		2,579		2,498	2,316	182
Building maintenance division		3,011		3,179	3,063	116
Engineering division		374		374	305	69
General garage division		1,258		1,514	1,410	104
Solid waste operations	_	4,689		4,309	4,197	112
Total public services	-	12,180		12,143	11,540	603
Board of Education:						
Private School textbooks		20		20	20	-
Educational audit fees		22		22	22	-
Employee benefits		1,199		1,199	1,037	162
Educational operations		89,213		89,148	89,148	-
Educational Contribution Health Insurance Fund		19,067		19,067	19,067	-
Educational School Nurses	-	1,355		1,355	1,308	47
Total board of education	-	110,876		110,811	110,602	209
Health and Welfare:						
Health Department		938		937	843	94
Recreation Department	_	810		809	777	32
Total health and welfare	-	1,748		1,746	1,620	126
General Charges:						
Employee benefits - general		21,716		21,893	21,369	524
Insurance and bonds		1,683		1,683	1,667	16
Claims and refunds		640		630	455	175
Benefits and salary reserve		99		99	99	-
Unallocated contingency	-	25		8		8
Total general charges	-	24,163		24,313	23,590	723
Grants to Agencies:						
Milford Council on Aging		1,346		1,346	1,345	1
Milford Fine Arts Council		68		68	68	-
CMED		95		108	108	-
Regional Mental Health Board		3		3	3	-
Borough of Woodmont		220		220	220	-
Milford Transit District		345		345	345	-
Milford Mental Health		350		350	350	-
Veterans' Graves		2		2	2	-
U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary		10		10	10	-

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	-	Budgete	ed A	mounts	Expenditures and	Uncommitted
		Original	_	Amended	Encumbrances	Balance
Grants to Agencies (continued):						
Milford Historical District Commission	\$	1	\$	1	•	\$-
Milford Historic #2		1		1	1	-
Visiting Nurses Association		41		41	41	-
Cemetery Association		9		9	9	-
Boys and Girls Club Homeless Shelter/CPAC		70		70 80	70 80	-
Total grants to agencies	-	<u>80</u> 2,641	-	2,654	2,653	1
Total grants to agencies	-	2,041	-	2,004	2,000	<u> </u>
Debt Service:						
Public Debt Service		9,850		9,850	9,415	435
School Debt		4,483		4,483	4,274	209
Total debt service		14,333	-	14,333	13,689	644
Other Financing Uses:						
Transfers out	-	490	_	1,264	1,264	-
Total	\$	198,337	\$	198,905	195,839	\$3,066
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expe State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Con Retirement System for Town teachers are not budg Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ord in the year the order is placed for budgetary purpose	necti eted ered	icut State Te	eacł eive	d are report		
financial reporting purposes					(3,731)	
Prior year encumbrances reported in the current year	ar for	financial re	port	ing purpose		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent					17,312	
Issuance costs on bond refunding					150	
Change in Board of Education's Summer Payroll origination years budget for budgetary purposes	ginal	ly charged t	0 รเ	ubsequent	(313)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Report Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balar Exhibit IV	\$222,041					

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	_	2014	_	2015
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$	7,087	\$	7,299
Interest		27,046		27,998
Changes of benefits terms				(1,759)
Differences between expected and actual experience				(908)
Changes of assumptions				9,513
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(21,862)	_	(23,057)
Net change in total pension liability		12,271		19,086
Total pension liability - beginning		341,706	-	353,977
Total pension liability - ending		353,977	_	373,063
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer		2,225		3,925
Contributions - member		2,169		2,332
Net investment income		44,193		(2,192)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(21,862)		(23,057)
Administrative expense		(48)		(76)
Other		11	_	20
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		26,688		(19,048)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		327,606	_	354,294
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		354,294	-	335,246
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$_	(317)	\$_	37,817
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset		100.09%		89.86%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	42,773	\$	43,811
Net pension asset as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.74%		86.32%

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	-	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	974 \$ 974	1,213 \$ 1,000	1,129 \$ 1,360	- \$ -	- \$	- \$	342 \$ 342	324 \$ 324	2,225 \$ 2,225	5,871 3,925
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	\$	213 \$	(231) \$	<u> </u>	- \$	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	1,946
Covered-employee payroll	\$	35,892 \$	38,610 \$	39,663 \$	40,141 \$	40,550 \$	40,622 \$	41,597 \$	43,010 \$	42,773 \$	43,811
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		2.71%	2.59%	3.43%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.82%	0.75%	5.20%	8.96%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:	July, 1 2014
Measurement date:	June 30, 2015

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Method, level percentage of salary
Amortization method	None
Remaining amortization period	N/A
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	Age related table
Investment rate of return	7.75%
Retirement age	Age related table
Mortality	Based on the RP-2000 Fully Projected Mortality Table with male and female rates and separate table for employees and annuitants

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	13.78%	-0.62%

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY **TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN** LAST FISCAL YEAR

(In Thousands)	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	 0.00%
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00 /6
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the City	 131,584
Total	\$ 131,584
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 49,466
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.51%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms Changes of assumptions	None During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percent of salary, closed
Remaining amortization period	22.4 years
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

General Fund

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014 (In Thousands)

		2015		2014
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Property taxes receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	39,201 117	\$	39,204 117
of \$703 and \$985 in 2015 and 2014, respectively Property taxes interest receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts		7,677		6,681
of \$446 and \$425 in 2015 and 2014, respectively Assessments receivable		5,130 89		4,889 80
Accounts receivable		190		53
Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid item		488 1,572 21		748 1,338 207
Total Assets	\$	54,485	\$	53,317
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$	11,998 915 677 590 14,180	\$	9,964 933 584 746 <u>3,801</u> 16,028
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - property taxes interest Unavailable revenue - special assessments Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources		6,996 5,130 89 <u>2,982</u> 15,197		6,352 4,889 80 <u>3,120</u> 14,441
Fund balance: Nonspendable Committed Assigned for encumbrances Assigned for debt service Assigned for subsequent year's budget Unassigned Total fund balance	_	21 1,055 3,731 465 3,500 <u>16,336</u> 25,108	_	21 1,054 2,959 4,000 <u>14,814</u> 22,848
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	54,485	\$	53,317

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Uncollected			Lawful (Cor	rections		Transfers		Adjusted	_		С	ollections				Uncollected
Grand List	Taxes July 1, 2014	_	Current Levy	Additions		Deductions		To Suspense		Taxes Collectible	_	Tax		Interest Liens	-	Total		Taxes June 30, 2015
2013	\$	\$	173,728 *	\$ 401	\$	(922)	\$	6 (19)	\$	173,188	\$	169,954	\$	505	\$	170,459	\$	3,234
2012	2,849			133		(514)		(7)		2,461		1,185		306		1,491		1,276
2011	1,111			56		(629)		(27)		511		(247)		102		(145)		758
2010	652			30		`(14)		(30)		638		`124 [´]		49		`173 [´]		514
2009	480			11		(13)		(64)		414		53		36		89		361
2008	384			9		(4)		(35)		354		50		33		83		304
2007	299							(10)		289		14		16		30		275
2006	278							(9)		269		13		17		30		256
2005	278							(4)		274		11		20		31		263
2004	246							(3)		243		8		11		19		235
2003	224							(1)		223		6		14		20		217
2002	189							(1)		188		7		12		19		181
2001	180							(1)		179		5		11		16		174
2000	165									165		4		15		19		161
1999	178	-							i	178	_	7		26	-	33		171
Total	\$7,513	\$_	173,728	\$ 640	\$	(2,096)	\$	6 (211)	\$	179,574		171,194		1,173		172,367	\$	8,380
						Suspense co	olle	ections			-	28		30	-	58		
						Total collecti	ion	าร				171,222	\$	1,203	\$	172,425		
						Property tax June 30, June 30,	20)14	con	sidered availa	ble: -	(328) 681						
						Total Proper	ty	Tax Revenu	e		\$_	171,575						

*Includes motor vehicle supplement in the amount of \$1,486.

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES COMPARED WITH APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

		Final Appropriations		Expenditures and Encumbrances		Unexpended Balance
Certified administrative salaries	\$	4,480	\$	4,480	\$	-
Certified teachers salaries	Ψ	43,464	Ψ	43,464	Ψ	-
Homebound tutor		169		169		-
Administrative substitute		56		56		-
Summer school		288		288		-
Substitutes - certified salaries		981		981		-
Curriculum work		230		230		-
Coaches/advisors		659		659		-
Non-certified supervisor salaries		597		597		-
Non-certified staff salaries		2,056		2,056		-
Custodian/maintenance		3,781		3,781		-
Teacher aides hourly		326		326		-
Library aides		329		329		-
Paraprofessionals		3,143		3,143		-
General aide salaries		178		178		-
Overtime salaries		538		538		-
Non-certified clerical		251		251		-
Non-certified professional		1,144		1,144		-
Retirements		507		507		-
Life insurance		491		491		-
Worker's compensation insurance		764		764		-
Social security		690		690		-
Unemployment compensation		125		125		-
Blue Cross/Blue Shield		2,830		2,830		-
Para pension		139		139		-
Education reimbursement		35		35		-
Adult education services		50		50		-
Substitute teaching services		191		191		-
Marine science education		20		20		-
Mental health services		30		30		-
Professional evaluation		66		66		-
Psychotherapy services		31		31		-
Other pupil personnel services		148		148		-
Special education work study		7		7		-
Consultation services		80		80		-
Audit services		3		3		-
Negotiation services		191		191		-
Arch/Eng services		13		13		-

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES COMPARED WITH APPROPRIATIONS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Final Appropriations	Expenditures and Encumbrances	Unexpended Balance
Security services	\$ 303	\$ 303	\$ -
Contracted services	717	717	-
Management information systems	193	193	-
Electricity	985	985	-
Heat energy - gas	836	836	-
Water/sewage	94	94	-
Energy conservation services	211	211	-
Contracted maintenance	487	487	-
Repairs to grounds	127	127	-
Repairs to buildings	106	106	-
Repairs to equipment	328	328	-
Preventative maintenance	87	87	-
Building projects	755	755	-
Grounds projects	308	308	-
Gasoline maintenance	52	52	-
Maintenance supplies	301	301	-
Custodial supplies	163	163	-
Transportation regular	2,042	2,042	-
Transportation special education	869	869	-
Transportation special education - public	350	350	-
Transportation special education - private	378	378	-
Transportation - athletics	189	189	-
Transportation - TAG/ECA/AQUA	91	91	-
Transportation - field trips	30	30	-
Gasoline - buses	144	144	-
Transportation - non-public	314	314	-
Transportation - special education aide	130	130	-
Transportation - supplies	1	1	-
Van driver	74	74	-
Property liability insurance	519	519	-
Athletic insurance	33	33	-
Uninsured coverage	18	18	-
Postage	62	62	-
Telephone	408	408	-
Advertising	2	2	-
Printing expense	18	18	-

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES COMPARED WITH APPROPRIATIONS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	-	Final Appropriations		Expenditures and Encumbrances		Unexpended Balance
Tuition - public	\$	1,331	\$	1,331	\$	-
Tuition - non-public	Ŧ	2,074	Ŧ	2,074	Ŧ	-
Tuition - ECA program		121		121		-
Tuition - AQUA		74		74		-
Tuition - Vo-Ag		171		171		-
Tuition - gifted students		22		22		-
Travel mileage		47		47		-
Non-instructional supplies		123		123		-
Instructional supplies		729		729		-
Health and medical		19		19		-
Graduation expense		22		22		-
Textbooks		47		47		-
Text adoptions		524		524		-
Library books		93		93		-
Periodicals		35		35		-
Testing expense		98		98		-
A/V materials		4		4		-
Other educational supplies		6		6		-
Computer software		382		382		-
Equipment		677		677		-
Furniture and fixtures		93		93		-
Computers		922		922		-
Lease/purchase		22		22		-
Capital equipment		22		22		-
Dues and fees		75		75		-
Professional development		280		280		-
Student activities		92		92		-
Student athletics		34		34		-
Athletics - equipment repair		16		16		-
Athletics - supplies		47		47		-
Athletics - equipment		43		43		-
Athletics - game operations		31		31		-
Athletics - uniforms		53		53		-
Miscellaneous - sports	-	13		13		-
Total	\$_	89,148	\$	89,148	\$	-

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Fund	Funding Source	Function					
Park and Playground	Developer Fees and Investment Earnings	Park and Playground Development					
Human Resource Development	State Grants and City Contributions	Social Service Activities					
Special Grants and Revenues	State/Federal Grants, City Contributions	Various Grant/City Programs					
Community Development	Federal Grants	Administer Community Development					
Open Space	Fees in Lieu of Donated Open Space	Open Space Acquisition					
Tuition	Attendee Fees	Day Care, Pre-School, Family Resource					
Grants and Donations - Board of Education	Grants and Donations	Student Activities					
Special Education Grants	State and Federal Grants	Education Programs					
Cafeteria	State and Federal Grants, User Fees	Administer School Lunch Program					
Educational Scholarship and Award	Endowments	Educational Scholarships					
Library Trust	Bequests and Investment Earnings	Reserved for Library Materials/Programs					
Milford Police Sick and Relief	Donations	Sick Benefits for Police Employees					
Barth Conservation	Donations and Investment Earnings	Preserve Open Land					

Debt Service

Fund	Funding Source	Function				
Debt Service	City Contributions and State	Reserve for Sewer Facilities				
	Money	Upgrade				

Capital Project Fund

Fund	Funding Source	Function
School Renovations	State Grants, Bond/BAN Proceeds	School Renovations

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	_							Specia	l Re	evenue Fun	ds					
	-	Park and Playground		Human Resource Development		Special Grants and Revenues	. <u>-</u>	Community Development		Open Space	_	Tuition		Grants and Donations - Board of Education	 Special Education Grants	 Cafeteria
ASSETS																
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory	\$	2	\$	426 1	\$	5,439 197 125 86	\$	67	\$	262 13	\$	1,136	\$	264	\$ 520	\$ 659 117 28
Total Assets	\$	2	\$	427	\$	5,847	\$	67	\$	275	\$_	1,136	\$	264	\$ 520	\$ 804
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Bond anticipation notes payable	\$		\$	15 19	\$	930 207 8	\$	57	\$		\$		\$		\$ 316	\$ 28
Total liabilities	-	-		34	· -	1,145		57	 	-	-	-	· -	-	 316	 28
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed		2		393		4,702		10		275		1,136		264	204	28 748
Unassigned	-	2		393		4,702	· -	10		275	_	1,136	· -	264	 204	 776
	-				· -		· -				-		· -		 	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2	\$_	427	\$_	5,847	\$	67	\$	275	\$_	1,136	\$_	264	\$ 520	\$ 804

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2015

\$

44 \$

(In Thousands) **Capital Project Special Revenue Funds** Fund Total Educational Milford Nonmajor Scholarship Library **Police Sick** Debt School Interfund Governmental Barth and Award Trust and Relief Conservation Total Service Renovations Eliminations Funds ASSETS 37 \$ Cash and cash equivalents \$ 44 \$ 102 \$ 97 \$ 9,055 \$ 3.743 \$ 11 \$ \$ Accounts receivable 210 Due from other governments 242 Due from other funds 87 194 (194) Inventory 28 102 \$ 97 \$ 37 \$ 3,743 \$ 205 Total Assets \$ 44 \$ 9,622 \$ \$ (194) \$ LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: \$ \$ \$ Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ \$ 1,346 \$ \$ 90 \$ \$ Due to other funds 226 73 (194) Unearned revenue 8 Bond anticipation notes payable 216 Total liabilities 1,580 379 (194) -----Fund balances: Nonspendable 28 Restricted 468 Committed 44 102 97 37 7,546 3,743 Unassigned (174) 102 97 37 44 8,042 3,743 (174)

Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

12.809

210

242

87

28

13,376

1,436

105

216

28

468

(174)

11,289

11,611

13,376

1,765

8

37 \$

9,622 \$

3,743 \$

205

\$

(194) \$

97 \$

102 \$

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

				Specia	al Revenue Fun	ds			
	Park and Playground	Human Resource Development	Special Grants and Revenues	Community Development	Open Space	Tuition	Grants and Donations - Board of Education	Special Education Grants	Cafeteria
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other revenues	\$	\$ 470 9 <u>19</u>	\$ 2,064 2,943 <u>991</u>	116	44	1 886	\$	\$ 3,419	1,532
Total revenues		498	5,998	393	44	887	249	3,419	2,406
Expenditures: Current: General Government Public safety Public services Education Health and welfare Debt service Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	991	289 2,740 263 1,217 873 5,382	466	57	786	232	3,435	2,526
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(493)	616	(73)	(13)	101	17	(16)	(120)
Other financing sources: Issuance of bonds and notes Transfers in Total other financing sources		490 490	57 57						
Net change in fund balances	-	(3)	673	(73)	(13)	101	17	(16)	(120)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2	396	4,029	83	288	1,035	247	220	896
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$2	\$393	\$4,702	\$10	\$ <u>275</u>	\$3	\$264	\$ <u>204</u> \$	5 <u> </u>

EXHIBIT B-2

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			Special Revenue	Funds			Capital Project	Total
	Educational Scholarship and Award	Library Trust	Milford Police Sick and Relief	Barth Conservation	Total	Debt Service	School Renovations	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other revenues Total revenues	\$ <u>38</u> 38	\$	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 7,104 4,644 1 <u>2,183</u> <u>13,932</u>	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 7,104 4,644 3
Expenditures: Current: General Government Public safety Public services Education Health and welfare Debt service	9		4		289 2,744 786 8,205 1,864	306	464	289 2,744 786 8,669 1,864 306
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u> </u>		- <u>4</u> - (4)		<u>13,888</u> 44	306 (245)	464 (464)	14,658 (665)
Other financing sources: Issuance of bonds and notes Transfers in Total other financing sources			(4) 		<u> </u>	<u>(243)</u>	(404) 491 491	491 547 1,038
Net change in fund balances	29		- (4)	-	591	(245)	27	373
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	15	10	2 101	37	7,451	3,988	(201)	11,238
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$44	\$ <u>10</u>	2 \$ 97	\$37	\$8,042	\$3,743	\$(174)	\$11,611

Internal Service Funds

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund - to provide reserves needed to support health benefit costs.

Workers' Compensation Fund - to provide reserves needed to support workers' compensation claims.

Property and Casualty Fund - to provide reserves needed to support property and casualty losses.

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2014

	Health Insurance Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	Property and Casualty Fund	2015	2014
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents \$	5 11,301	\$ 3,237 \$	2,997 \$	17,535 \$	14,542
Accounts receivable	511		1	512	888
Due from other funds	126	12	1	139	85
Total assets	11,938	3,249	2,999	18,186	15,515
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	147		52	199	457
Accrued claims	2,140	2,552	266	4,958	4,411
Due to other funds		14		14	
Total liabilities	2,287	2,566	318	5,171	4,868
Net Position:					
Unrestricted	9,651	683	2,681	13,015	10,647
Total Net Position \$	9,651	\$\$	2,681 \$	13,015 \$	10,647

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2014

		Health Insurance Fund	_	Workers' Compensation Fund	Property and Casualty Fund		2015		2014
Operating revenues:									
Employer contributions Employee contributions	\$	31,327 6,272	9	\$ 685	\$ 1,318	\$	33,330 \$ 6,272	5	33,615 5,913
Other		7		227	1		235		287
Total operating revenues		37,606	-	912	1,319		39,837		39,815
Operating expenses: Insurance premiums and claims expense	ł	34,329	_	1,854	1,306		37,489		38,015
Operating income (loss)		3,277		(942)	13		2,348		1,800
Nonoperating revenue: Interest income Transfer in		20	_				20	_	1
Net nonoperating revenue		20	-		-		20	_	1
Net income (loss)		3,297		(942)	13		2,368		1,801
Net Position, Beginning of Year		6,354	-	1,625	2,668	· -	10,647	_	8,846
Net Position, End of Year	\$	9,651	9	§ <u>683</u>	\$ 2,681	\$	13,015 \$; _	10,647

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2014

		Health Insurance Fund	(Workers' Compensation Fund	roperty and asualty Fund	 2015		2014
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from contributions and charges for services Cash payments for claims paid Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	37,925 (34,486) 3,439	\$	914 (1,488) (574)	\$ 1,320 (1,212) 108	\$ 40,159 \$ (37,186) 2,973		39,528 (37,567) 1,961
Cash flows from noncapital financing: Transfers to/from other funds	•	20				 20		-
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received						 -		1
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,459		(574)	108	2,993		1,962
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		7,842	,	3,811	 2,889	 14,542		12,580
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	11,301	\$	3,237	\$ 2,997	\$ 17,535 \$;	14,542
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	3,277	\$	(942)	\$ 13	\$ 2,348 \$	5	1,800
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in due from other funds		375 (56)		2	1	376 (54)		(330) 43
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(157)	,	352 14	 94	 289 14		448
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	3,439	\$	(574)	\$ 108	\$ 2,973 \$	5	1,961

Fiduciary Funds

AGENCY FUNDS

Student Activities -	to account for receipts and disbursements related to student programs and extracurricular activities.
Inland/Wetland Bonds -	to account for deposits held to ensure that planning and zoning permit conditions have been met.
Planning and Zoning Bonds	 to account for deposits held to ensure that planning and zoning permit conditions have been met.

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

	Student Activities	 Inland/ Wetland Bonds		Planning and Zoning Bonds		Total
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$ 1,037 120	\$ 220 14	\$	511	\$	1,768 120 14
Total Assets	\$ 1,157	\$ 234	\$_	511	\$_	1,902
Liabilities: Due to employees, students and others Accounts payable	\$ 1,157	\$ 220 14	\$	511	\$	1,888 14
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,157	\$ 234	\$	511	\$_	1,902

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	Balance ly 1, 2014	 Additions	 Deductions	Balance June 30, 2015
Student Activities				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 922 123	\$ 1,575 2	\$ 1,460 5	\$ 1,037 120
Total Assets	\$ 1,045	\$ 1,577	\$ 1,465	\$ 1,157
Liabilities: Due to employees, students and others	\$ 1,045	\$ 1,577	\$ 1,465	\$ 1,157
Inland/Wetland Bonds				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 237	\$ 29 14	\$ 46	\$ 220 14
Total Assets	\$ 237	\$ 43	\$ 46	\$ 234
Liabilities: Due to employees, students and others Accounts payable	\$ 237	\$ 29 14	\$ 46	\$ 220 14
Total Liabilities	\$ 237	\$ 43	\$ 46	\$ 234
Planning and Zoning Bonds				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 500	\$ 63	\$ 52	\$ 511
Liabilities: Due to employees, students and others	\$ 500	\$ 63	\$ 52	\$ 511
Total - All Funds				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable	\$ 1,659 123 -	\$ 1,667 2 14	\$ 1,558 5	\$ 1,768 120 14
Total Assets	\$ 1,782	\$ 1,683	\$ 1,563	\$ 1,902
Liabilities: Due to employees and others Accounts payable	\$ 1,782 -	\$ 1,669 14	\$ 1,563	\$ 1,888 14
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,782	\$ 1,683	\$ 1,563	\$ 1,902

Statistical Section

Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- *Financial trends information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- *Revenue capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate *own-source revenues* (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- *Debt capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR												
	<u>2015 2014 (2) 2013 2012 2011 2010</u>	2009 2008 2007 2006											
Governmental Activities: Net investments in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 174,139 \$ 166,869 \$ 153,422 \$ 145,526 \$ 132,115 \$ 143,992 \$ 280 280 255 255 252 250 259 (83,452) (72,023) (48,924) (36,260) (15,240) (15,090)	135,747\$141,359\$113,217\$103,7362601511732685,2547,08431,93832,553											
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	90,967 95,101 104,753 109,518 117,125 129,161	141,261 148,594 145,328 136,557											
Business-type activities: Investments in capital assets Unrestricted	3,3613,1263,1633,2003,2383,284569513708642653605	3,341 3,398 3,456 3,469 642 688 550 493											
Total Business-Type Net Position	3,930 3,639 3,871 3,842 3,891 3,889	3,983 4,086 4,006 3,962											
Primary government: Net investments in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	177,500 169,995 156,585 148,726 135,353 147,276 280 255 255 252 250 259 (82,883) (71,806) (48,216) (35,618) (14,767) (14,485)	139,088144,757116,673107,2052601511732685,8967,77232,48833,046											
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ <u>94,897</u> \$ <u>98,444</u> \$ <u>108,624</u> \$ <u>113,360</u> \$ <u>120,836</u> \$ <u>133,050</u> \$_	<u>145,244</u> \$ <u>152,680</u> \$ <u>149,334</u> \$ <u>140,519</u>											

NOTES:

(1) Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.
(2) The fiscal year 2014 governmental activities net position was restated as a result of implementing GASB No. 68.

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	FISCAL YEAR																		
	2015		2014	_	2013		2012		2011	_	2010		2009	_	2008		2007		2006
Expenses:																			
General government	\$ 13,004	1\$	9,770	\$	8,068	\$	11,142	\$	10,844	\$	7,542	\$	7,796	\$	5,609	\$	4,829	\$	4,907
Administration	3,882		3,803		4,018		4,147		3,769		3,625		3,677		3,811		2,672		2,451
Public safety	38,754		38,410		41,506		38,471		37,014		35,817		36,067		35,298		23,369		21,463
Public services	18,586	6	27,538		25,314		27,673		27,911		31,252		29,066		30,445		19,984		20,157
Education	149,823	3	142,617		138,265		132,771		131,342		124,894	1	23,520		139,957		101,920		99,813
Health and welfare	4,183	3	5,503		5,728		5,929		5,906		5,313		5,709		6,149		3,530		3,458
General charges *																	15,406		13,734
Grants to agencies	3,073	3	9,072		4,051		3,889		3,938		3,656		3,735		2,507		2,552		2,487
Interest on long-term debt	4,653		2,711	_	2,703		2,085	_	1,972	_	3,226		3,471		3,665	_	3,486		2,901
Total governmental activities expenses	235,958	3	239,424	_	229,653		226,106	_	222,696	-	215,325	2	213,041	_	227,441	_	177,748	1	171,371
Business-type activities:																			
Milford Golf Course	64	1	64		69		88		68		115		92		78		67		68
Harbor Management	235	5	242		230		287		307	_	335		420	_	285	_	379		346
Total business-type activities expenses	299)	306	_	299		375		375	_	450		512	_	363	_	446	_	414
Total primary government expenses	236,257	7	239,730	_	229,952		226,481	_	223,071	_	215,775	2	213,553	_	227,804	_	178,194	_1	171,785
Program Revenues:																			
Governmental activities:																			
Charges for services:																			
General government	1,779	9	1,125		1,562		977		1,131		1,178		1,234		1,462		4,431		5,544
Public service	1,432	2	1,627		1,639		802		61		1,385		1,378		2,127		2,285		3,066
Education	2,435	5	1,627		1,702		2,705		2,754		2,682		2,679		2,674		2,759		2,601
Other	4,166	6	3,374		3,410		2,766		2,616		2,006		1,188		1,042		1,284		230
Operating grants and contributions	29,527	7	36,980		29,867		29,730		27,489		28,258		27,647		52,237		20,746		22,935
Capital grants and contributions	3,046	6	115		1,753		3,426				454		4,081		6,803		2,768		1,352
Total governmental activities program revenues	42,385	5	44,848	_	39,933		40,406	_	34,051	_	35,963	_	38,207	_	66,345	_	34,273	_	35,728
Business-type activities:																			
Charges for services:																			
Golf fees	85	5	84		80		74		73		70		70		70		70		64
Harbor fees	242	2	249		252		267		252		249		258		280		273		269
Operating grants and contributions									60		38		74		74		74		74
Capital grants and contributions	272	2																	
Total business-type activities program revenues	599		333	_	332		341	_	385	_	357		402	_	424	_	417	_	407
Total primary government program revenues	42,984	1	45,181	_	40,265		40,747		34,436	_	36,320		38,609	_	66,769	_	34,690		36,135

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	FISCAL YEAR													
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006				
Net (expense) revenue:														
Governmental activities	\$ (193,573)	\$ (194,576)	\$ (189,720)	\$ (185,700)	\$ (188,645)	\$ (179,362)	\$ (174,834)	\$ (161,096)	\$ (143,475) \$	6 (135,643)				
Business-type activities	300	27	33	(34)	10	(93)	(110)	61	(29)	(7)				
Total primary government net expense	(193,273)	(194,549)	(189,687)	(185,734)	(188,635)	(179,455)	(174,944)	(161,035)	(143,504)	(135,650)				
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position: Governmental activities:														
Property taxes	180,864	174,885	170,870	161,252	160,134	152,330	152,856	149,025	137,726	129,146				
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	8,321	8,693	11,327	14,103	13,665	13,040	10,612	11,357	10,055	8,285				
Unrestricted investment earnings	49	72	1,735	1,600	1,716	1,080	689	2,471	3,020	2,047				
Other general revenues	195	718	926	1,301	905	809	3,344	1,509	1,445	385				
Transfers in	10	260	4	17	9	3								
Gain on sale of capital assets			93							1,750				
Total governmental activities	189,439	184,628	184,955	178,273	176,429	167,262	167,501	164,362	152,246	141,613				
Business-type activities:														
Unrestricted investment earnings	1			2	1	2	7	19	26	23				
Transfers out	(10)	(260)	(4)	(17)	(9)	(3)								
Contributed assets									47					
Total business-type activities	(9)	(259)	(4)	(15)	(8)	(1)	7	19	73	23				
Total primary government	189,430	184,369	184,951	178,258	176,421	167,261	167,508	164,381	152,319	141,636				
Change in Net Position:														
Governmental activities	(4,134)	(9,948)	(4,765)	(7,427)	(12,216)	(12,100)	(7,333)	3,266	8,771	5,970				
Business-type activities	291	(232)	29	(49)	2	(94)	(103)	80	44	16				
Total Primary Government	\$ (3,843)	\$(10,180)	\$ (4,736)	\$ (7,476)	\$(12,214)	\$ (12,194)	\$ (7,436)	\$3,346	\$ <u>8,815</u> \$	5,986				

Notes:

(1) Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

* General charges have been allocated across the various functions for fiscal years subsequent to 2007.

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	FISCAL YEAR																			
	_	2015		2014		2013	_	2012	_	2011		2010		2009	_	2008	_	2007		2006
General Fund																				
Reserved	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	3,341	\$	3,176	\$	2,633	\$	1,911	\$	1,348
Unreserved		04		04		04		04		400		14,462		16,070		15,955		13,929		14,298
Nonspendable Committed		21		21		21		21		438										
		1,055 7,696		1,054 6,959		1,033 7,875		1,212 4,198		2,699 7,545										
Assigned Unassigned		16,336		0,959 14,814		14,945		15,638		7,545										
Onassigned	_	10,330	· -	14,014		14,945		15,050	_	12,041	· -				-		_			
Total General Fund	\$	25,108	\$	22,848	\$	23,874	\$_	21,069	\$	23,523	\$	17,803	\$	19,246	\$_	18,588	\$	15,840	\$	15,646
All other governmental funds:																				
Reserved	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	19,801	\$	10,860	\$	31,059	\$	51,429	\$	13,479
Unreserved, reported in:																				
Special revenue funds												7,174		6,485		6,584		6,055		6,433
Debt service funds												4,387		5,554		4,490		3,511		2,635
Capital projects funds												(19,566)		(61,979)		(73,655)		(64,055)		(34,618)
Nonspendable		41		71		84		77		23										
Restricted		468		3,845		3,802		3,364		2,090										
Committed		18,508		19,068		28,863		18,297		28,103										
Assigned				86		4,165		3,802												
Unassigned	_	(16,238)		(24,557)	_	(35,789)	_	(31,896)	_	(33,171)					_		_		_	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	2,779	\$	(1,487)	\$	1,125	\$_	(6,356)	\$	(2,955)	\$	11,796	\$	(39,080)	\$_	(31,522)	\$_	(3,060)	\$	(12,071)

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	FISCAL YEAR																	
	2015	2014		2013		2012	_	2011	_	2010		2009	_	2008		2007		2006
Revenues:																		
Property taxes and assessments \$		\$ 173,069	\$	171,708	\$	162,014	\$	159,555	\$	151,428	\$	151,760	\$	147,515	\$		\$	127,833
Fines, forfeitures, penalties and interest	1,239	1,058		1,632		1,487		1,654		993		1,072		1,091		1,011		982
Intergovernmental	34,119	39,265		37,519		41,805		33,206		36,907		37,949		65,565		29,908		28,304
Charges for services	7,744	6,737		7,310		6,079		6,925		7,609		6,720		7,220		8,614		8,166
Investment income	98	117		149		113		174		231		689		2,865		3,692		2,819
Other	8,979	8,503		7,615		8,458	_	9,133	_	6,117	_	6,546	_	6,032	_	6,600		5,963
Total revenues	230,919	228,749		225,933		219,956	_	210,647	_	203,285		204,736	_	230,288	_	186,540	_	174,067
Expenditures:																		
General government	4,219	4,672		4,827		7,304		7,084		4,981		4,591		4,268		4,483		4,421
Administration	2,496	2,529		2,492		2,435		2,462		2,397		2,404		2,422		2,341		2,206
Public safety	27,137	25,937		25,129		24,562		24,317		23,712		23,555		22,588		21,910		20,435
Public services	12,058	12,238		12,235		17,591		17,901		19,949		17,991		17,170		17,353		16,452
Education	128,303	130,942		126,127		122,074		118,811		115,871		113,944		135,532		101,972		97,376
Health and welfare	3,479	3,733		3,687		3,930		3,864		3,554		3,747		3,827		3,332		3,242
General charges	23,635	21,961		19,324		21,295		15,453		15,948		16,619		18,594		15,406		13,734
Other	2,651	2,642		2,640		2,626		2,646		2,504		2,561		2,500		2,484		2,437
Capital outlay	19,395	31,345		30,914		31,606		25,528		14,423		30,745		46,475		23,602		12,329
Debt service - principal	10,804	8,825		8,373		8,831		7,562		6,745								
Debt service - interest	5,028	3,823		3,566		3,182		3,364		3,303								
Debt service*												9,001		9,246		9,238		9,032
Total expenditures	239,205	248,647		239,314	2	245,436	_	228,992	_	213,387	_	225,158	_	262,622	_	202,121	_	181,664
Excess of Revenue Under Expenditures	(8,286)	(19,898)		(13,381)		(25,480)	_	(18,345)	_	(10,102)	_	(20,422)	_	(32,334)	_	(15,581)	_	(7,597)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):																		
Lease principal receipts																		
Issuance of bonds	14,195	16,000		23,405		15,329		13,240		59,246		13,500		6,620		7,100		7,710
Capital leases																208		
Issuance of refunding bonds	14,935			14,045		8,765				16,087								
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(17,312)			(15,469)		(9,332)				(15,899)								
Premium on issuance of debt	3,004			1,566		692												
Sale of capital assets				116		11				98		22				14,969		1,750
Transfers in	1,344	2,968		2,968		4,121		2,998		2,333		3,332		3,163		3,410		1,895
Transfers out	(1,354)	(2,964)		(2,964)		(4,198)		(2,687)		(2,330)		(3,332)		(3,163)		(3,310)		(1,895)
Total other financing sources	14,812	16,004		23,667		15,388	_	13,551	_	59,535	_	13,522	_	6,620	_	22,377	_	9,460
Net Change in Fund Balances \$	6,526	\$ (3,894)	\$	10,286	\$	(10,092)	\$	(4,794)	\$	49,433	\$_	(6,900)	\$_	(25,714)	\$	6,796	\$	1,863
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	7.2%	5.8%	· <u> </u>	5.7%		5.6%	_	5.37%	=	5.05%	_	4.63%	_	4.28%	_	5.17%		5.33%

Note: Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

* Allocation of principal and interest debt service prepared for 2010 and not retroactively applied

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT EIGHT YEAR SUMMARY OF AUDITED REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES, NEXT FISCAL YEAR BUDGET FISCAL YEAR 2008-2015

(In Thousands)

	Adopted B 2015-20		Actual 6/30/2015	Actual 6/30/2014		Actual 6/30/2013	Actual 6/30/2012	Actual 6/30/2011	Actual 6/30/2010	Actual 6/30/2009	Actual 6/30/2008
Revenues:											
Property taxes and assessments	\$ 17	74.151 \$	171.858 \$	6 165,899	\$	164,236 \$	155,213	\$ 153.080 \$	146.157 \$	5 146.819 \$	142,244
Intergovernmental revenue		3,928	24,254	27,759		26,789	26,930	22,384	22,212	24,521	16,492
Fines, forfeitures, penalties and interest		1,000	1,199	1,058		1,632	1,487	1,654	993	1,072	1,091
Investment income		64	89	75		64	62	113	152	467	1,994
Other	1	3,038	8,962	8,236		8,236	8,907	9,215	6,129	6,633	7,411
Total revenues		02,181	206,362	203,027		200,957	192,599	186,446	175,643	179,512	169,232
Expenditures:											
General government		4,269	3,930	3,885		3,894	3,869	3,968	3,419	3,322	3,348
Administration		2,702	2,496	2,529		2,492	2,435	2,462	2,397	2,404	2,417
Public safety	2	25,668	24,393	23,686		23,142	22,837	22,654	22,448	22,427	21,396
Public services	1	2,186	11,272	11,691		11,527	11,455	11,696	11,401	11,825	11,382
Education		3,244	119,634	123,068		119,070	114,635	109,306	106,657	106,963	95,534
Health and welfare		1,691	1,615	1,645		1,576	1,656	1,695	1,629	1,649	1,644
General charges		24,746	23,635	21,961		19,324	21,295	15,453	15,948	16,619	18,594
Grants to agencies		3,132	2,651	2,642		2,640	2,626	2,646	2,504	2,561	2,500
Debt service		4,543	13,839	12,648		11,939	12,013	10,926	10,048	9,001	9,142
Total expenditures	20	02,181	203,465	203,755		195,604	192,821	180,806	176,451	176,771	165,957
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		2,897	(728))	5,353	(222)	5,640	(808)	2,741	3,275
Other financing sources (uses): Lease principal payments											
Issuance of refunding bonds			14,935			14045	8765		15,470		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent			(17,312)			(15,469)	(9,332)		(15,899)		
Premium on issuance of debt			3,004			1566	692		617		
Sale of capital assets						116	11		98	22	
Transfers in				1327		21	596	456	545	(- ()	1000
Transfers out			(1,264)	(1,625)		(2,827)	(2,964)	(2,002)	(1,466)	(2,105)	(1,530)
Net other financing uses		-	(637)	(298)	<u>)</u> _	(2,548)	(2,232)	(1,546)	(635)	(2,083)	(530)
Net change in fund balances			2,260	(1,026))	2,805	(2,454)	4,094	(1,443)	658	2,745
Fund equity, beginning year, as restated*			22,848	23,874		21,069	23,523	19,429 *	19,246	18,588	15,840
Residual equity transfer		_									3
Fund Equity, End of Year		\$	25,108 \$	22,848	\$	23,874 \$	21,069	\$ <u>23,523</u> \$	17,803 \$	<u> </u>	18,588
Reserve for encumbrances		\$	\$	6	\$	\$	S	\$\$	3,319 \$		2,612
Reserved for other purposes									22	22	21
Reserve for subsequent years									2,000	3,750	1,750
Unreserved - undesignated									12,462	12,320	14,205
Nonspendable			21	21		21	21	438			
Committed			1,055	1,054		1,033	1,212	2,699			
Assigned			7,696	6,959		7,875	4,198	7,545			
Unassigned		_	16,336	14,814		14,945	15,638	12,841			
Fund Equity		\$	25,108 \$	22,848	- \$	23,874 \$	21,069	\$ <u>23,523</u> \$	17,803 \$	5 <u>19,246</u> \$	18,588

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM 2015-2019

(In Thousands)

	_2	015-2016	_	2016-2017	_	2017-2018	_	2018-2019	_	Total
Proposed Projects:										
Education	\$	18,115	\$	15,920	\$	8,350	\$	9,300	\$	51,685
Sewers		2,840		5,688		10,080		9,980		28,588
Fire		285		120		600		600		1,605
Police		20,000								20,000
Roads/Drainage		1,350		1,350		1,350		1,350		5,400
Buildings				50						50
Erosion/Flood control		35								35
Recreation		650	_	325	_	10,000				10,975
Total	\$	43,275	\$_	23,453	\$_	30,380	\$_	21,230	\$_	118,338
Proposed Funding:										
Bonds	\$	33,908	\$	15,443	\$	28,880	\$	19,730	\$	97,961
Grants		8,907	•	7,810		1,350	•	1,350	•	19,417
Pay-As-You-Go		460	_	200	_	150		150		960
Total	\$	43,275	\$_	23,453	\$_	30,380	\$_	21,230	\$_	118,338

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Grand List Year	Residential	Real Property Commercial and Industrial	All Land	Personal Property		Motor /ehicle	_	Total Taxable Assessed Value	<u> </u>	Less Exemptions	_	Net Taxable Grand List	Tot Dire Ta Rat	ct K	_	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	A	xable As ssessed s a Perce of Actu Faxable \	Value entage ual
2015	2013	\$ 4,442,878	\$ 1,271,704 \$	\$	461,752	\$	375,652	\$	6,551,986	\$	166,748	\$	6,385,238	27	.22	\$	9,120,339			70.01%
2014	2012	4,478,145	1,288,844		449,793	:	367,147		6,583,929		165,694		6,418,235	28	8.26		9,168,907			70.00%
2013	2011	4,466,059	1,286,915		445,512	:	364,064		6,562,550		162,699		6,399,851	25	6.60		9,142,646		:	51.14%
2012	2010	5,406,408	1,371,087		435,189	:	342,792		7,555,476		2,145,408		5,410,068	28	8.89		10,578,868		:	51.22%
2011	2009	5,463,457	1,374,411		378,586	:	327,437		7,543,891		2,112,969		5,430,922	28	8.44		10,603,075		:	50.99%
2010	2008	5,379,222	1,388,800		401,345	:	326,530		7,495,897		2,118,534		5,377,363	27	.50		10,546,040			50.71%
2009	2007	5,336,006	1,388,827		294,183		348,799		7,367,815		2,116,168		5,251,647	28	3.23		10,356,372			44.76%
2008	2006	5,339,250	1,276,658		260,998		343,142		7,220,048		2,747,502		4,472,546	31	.77		9,992,784			70.00%
2007	2005	2,540,824	758,974		267,984		340,267		3,908,049		93,272		3,814,777	34	.36		5,449,681			70.00%
2006	2004	2,761,259	663,526		375,037		321,460		4,121,282		121,285		3,999,997	32	2.18		5,714,281			70.00%

Notes:

(1) Does not include supplemental motor vehicles.

(2) Beginning with the Grand List of October 1, 1991, Connecticut General Statutes Section 12-81 (72) exempts new manufacturing equipment from property taxation by municipalities. The State of Connecticut will directly reimburse the City for 60% of the foregone taxes for Grand List 2008; the reimbursement is scheduled to be 80% for Grand List Year 2009; the reimbursement is scheduled to be 100% for the Grand List Year 2010 and the Grand List Year 2011. The program was phased out for the Grand List Year 2012.

(3) Revaluation Grand List values shown above are phase-in values for GL Years 2006, 2007 and 2008. The phase in was suspended by the Board of Aldermen after two years. Therefore GL Years 2008 - 2010 will only have 40% of the increase value reflected instead of values increasing to 100%.

(4) Effective with the 10/1/98 M-13 report filed with the Secretary of State, land use categories have been consolidated such that prior years may not be completely comparable.

(5) See disclosure about Property Tax Agreements in the Contingent Liability Note in the Financial Statements

TABLE 7

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS FY 2015 and FY2006

(In Thousands)

			2015			2006	
Taxpayers	Nature of Business	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net Taxable Assessed Value
Milford Power Company LLC	Utility	\$		\$	183,073	1	4.58%
Connecticut Post Limited Partnership	Regional Shopping Mall	135,014	1	2.11%	81,021	2	2.03%
Connecticut Light and Power Company	Utility	109,233	2	1.71%			
Milford Crossing Investors LLC	Retail	66,289	3	1.04%			
Wolff	Office/Retail/Apartments	51,282	4	0.80%			
Crown Milford, LLC	Office Park	34,249	5	0.54%	27,323	7	0.68%
JP Construction Company/Avalon Bay	Apartment	28,201	6	0.44%			
D'Amato Investments, LLC	Real Estate Development	24,508	7	0.38%	20,422	8	0.51%
Schick Manufacturing Inc.	Manufacturer - Razors	22,719	8	0.36%	30,395	6	0.76%
Smith Craft Real Estate, ETLAS	Real Estate Developer	21,639	9	0.34%	36,132	5	0.90%
Devon Power	Utility	20,046	10	0.31%	45,386	4	1.13%
Bic Corporation	Manufacturer - Pens, Razors				45,472	3	1.14%
Southern Connecticut Gas Company	Utility				15,785	9	0.39%
F440 Wheeler Farms Road LLC	Office Park				12,270	10	0.31%
TOTAL		\$		8.03% \$	497,279		12.43%

Source: City of Milford, Office of Tax Assessor

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

Fiscal				ed Within The Year of Levy				Total Colle	ctions to Date (6/30/15)
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Rate In Mills	Taxes Levied For This Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	_	Collections In Subsequent Years	-	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2015	27.22	\$ 173,728	\$ 169,95	4 97.83%	\$	N/A	\$	169,954	97.83%
2014	26.28	168,390	164,51	9 97.70%		1,185		165,704	98.31%
2013	25.60	163,674	160,91	1 98.10%		1,957		162,868	97.76%
2012	28.89	156,123	153,15	8 97.76%		2,421		155,579	99.04%
2011	28.44	154,259	150,81	1 98.13%		1,783		152,594	99.40%
2010	28.23	146,895	144,14	8 97.62%		2,955		147,103	99.55%
2009	28.23	148,604	145,06	0 98.50%		1,663		146,723	99.64%
2008	31.77	142,432	140,28	9 99.34%		456		140,745	99.73%
2007	34.36	130,409	129,55	3 98.45		1,606		131,159	99.78%
2006	32.18	122,782	120,87	5 98.28		1,870		122,745	99.80%

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands, except per capita)

	_	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal		General Obligation		Long-Term Notes	Capital	Ratio of Debt to Taxable	Debt Per
 Year		Bonds	-	Payable	 Leases	Assessed Value	 Capita
2015	\$	127,266	\$	33,289	\$	1.94	\$ 2,412
2014		120,866		35,400		2.20	2,673
2013		111,570		37,460		2.08	2,115
2012		96,615		39,488		1.79	1,833
2011		89,100		41,476	44	1.64	1,594
2010		82,985		43,426	44	1.54	1,484
2009		74,220		2,062	84	1.42	1,419
2008		66,905		2,174	124	1.50	1,214
2007		66,500		2,284	162	1.74	1,214
2006		65,605		78		1.64	1,254

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) received by Treasurer for year ended June 30, 2015	\$	171,575
Reimbursement for revenue loss on: Tax relief for the elderly	_	

Base								\$_	171,575
		General Purpose		Schools		Sewers	Urban Renewal		Pension Bonds
Debt Limitation:			-		_			_	
2-1/4 times base	\$	386,044	\$		\$		\$	\$	
4-1/2 times base				772,088					
3-3/4 times base						643,406			
3-1/4 times base							557,619		
3 times base	_		_		_				514,725
Total debt limitation	_	386,044	_	772,088	_	643,406	557,619		514,725
Indebtedness:									
Bonds payable		40,808		40,701		42,071			
Notes payable		2,320		11,835		3,235			
CWF project loan obligation		,		,		33,289			
Authorized, unissued debt		19,418		5,911		10,001			
Less school construction		,		,		,			
grants				(488)					
Total indebtedness	-	62,546	-	57,959	-	88,596	-	_	-
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and	-		-		-			. —	
Authorized Debt	\$_	323,498	\$_	714,129	\$_	554,810	\$ 557,619	\$	514,725

Note 1: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$1,201,025).

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	-		FISCAL YEAR																
	-	2015		2014		2013	-	2012	i.	2011		2010	_	2009	-	2008	 2007		2006
Debt limit	\$	1,201,025	\$1	,166,046	\$	1,162,238	\$	1,097,880	\$	1,081,668	\$	1,029,147	\$	1,035,573	\$	998,970	\$ 924,329	\$	863,436
Total net debt applicable to limit	-	209,101		221,221		214,742	-	185,100	i.	201,730		188,550		175,948	-	183,701	 174,476		156,738
Legal Debt Margin	\$	991,924	\$	944,825	\$	947,496	\$	912,780	\$	879,938	\$	840,597	\$_	859,625	\$	815,269	\$ 749,853	\$_	706,698
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	=	17.41%		18.97%	-	18.48%		16.86%	ł	18.65%		18.32%	_	16.99%		18.39%	 18.88%	_	18.15%

Source: Comprehensive annual financial report - Schedule of Debt Limitation

Note: See Table 11 for calculation of current year debt limitation

8.50%

8.46%

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT DEBT STATEMENT AND CURRENT DEBT RATIOS JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

Long-term bonded (1) Bonds:				
Public Improvement		\$		41,841
Schools				40,701
Sewers				42,071
Clean Water				33,289
Total long-term bonded debt				157,902
Short-term debt:				
Bond Anticipation Notes				17,390
				,000
Total Direct Debt				175,292
Less School Construction Grants - State of Connecticut (2)				(488)
		•		
Total Net Direct Debt and Overall Net Debt		\$		174,804
Note: The City has no overlapping or underlying debt.				
Population (3)				52,759
Net Taxable Grand List (10/01/13)		\$	(6,385,238
Estimated Full Value (70%)				9,120,339
Equalized Grand List (10/1/12) (4)		\$ \$		9,154,001
Money Income Per Capita (2010) (1)		\$		38,351
		·		,
				Total
	Total			Net
	Direct			Direct
	 Debt			Debt
Per Capita	\$ 3,259.37		\$	3,245.23
Ratio to net Taxable Grand List	2.69%			2.68%
Ratio to Estimated Full Value	1.89%			1.88%
Ratio to Equalized Grand List	1.88%			1.87%

*Presented in thousands

(1) Excludes capital leases

(2) See "School Building Grant Reimbursements" herein

Debt per Capita to Money Income per Capita

(3) State of Connecticut Department of Public Health, July 1, 2008

(4) Office of Policy and Management, State of Connecticut

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF NET LONG-TERM DEBT TO VALUATION, POPULATION AND INCOME LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				In Thousands		Ratio of Net	Ratio of Net		Net	Ratio of Net
Fiscal Year	Grand List October 1,	_	Net Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Full Value (2)	Net Long-Term Debt (3)	Long-Term Debt to Assessed Value	Long-Term Debt to Estimated Full Value	(4) Population	Long-Term Debt Per Capita	Long-Term Debt Per Capita to Per Capita Income (5)
2006	2004	\$	3,999,997 \$	5,714,281 \$	60,683	1.52	1.06	52,305 \$	6 1,092.49	3.78
2007	2005		3,814,867	5,449,810	61,564	1.61	1.13	54,802	1,123.00	3.80
2008	2006		4,472,546	10,546,040	67,342	1.50	0.94	55,127	1,217.48	4.22
2009	2007		5,251,646	10,603,075	74,862	1.43	0.71	55,455	1,349.96	4.63
2010	2008		5,377,363	10,578,868	80,622	1.50	0.76	55,907	1,442.07	4.99
2011	2009		5,430,922	10,603,075	128,728	2.37	1.21	55,907	2,302.54	7.97
2012	2010		5,410,069	10,578,868	112,669	2.08	1.07	52,759	2,015.29	6.98
2013	2011		6,399,852	9,142,646	148,010	2.31	1.62	52,759	2,805.40	9.71
2014	2012		6,418,236	9,168,908	155,520	2.42	1.70	52,759	2,947.74	10.21
2015	2013		6,385,238	9,120,339	157,414	2.47	1.73	52,759	3,351.61	8.74

TABLE 14

(1) Revaluation Grand List of 2000 is not phased-in.

Revaluation Grand Lists 2006, 2007; Net Assessed Values are phased-in values and frozen at the Grand List 07 levels for Grand Lists of 2008, 2009,

and 2010 by act of the Board of Aldermen.

(2) Assessment Ratio 70%

(3) Reflects deductions for contractual State school building construction grants receivable and courthouse lease payments over the life to respective issues. Excludes capital leases; includes long-term notes payable; does not include outstanding BANs or authorized, unissued debt.

(4) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, 2000 and State of Connecticut Department of Public Health

(5) Money Income Per Capita: \$38,351, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census 2010, used for FY2015.

The FY2011 net long term debt has a significant increase due to the addition of \$41.5 million of long term Clean Water Fund Notes.

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT AUTHORIZED BUT UNISSUED DEBT JUNE 30, 2015

	Total				(May '15) Notes	(Nov '14) Lot B Notes	Aut	horized But Unissu	ued
Project	Amount of Authorization	Bonds Issued	Statutory Paydown	Grants	Due 11/9/2015	Due 11/9/2015	General Purpose	Schools	Sewers
					This	Issue:			
Recreation Facilities Improvements	\$ 1,310,000	\$ 1,304,700	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 5,300	\$	6
Pepe's Farm Rd & Woodmont Rd	1,370,000	1,202,000					168,000		
Stowe Property	895,000	798,000			4,000		93,000		
Senior Center Renovation	1,950,000	1,909,000					41,000		
Milford Academy Renovations	2,650,000	2,570,500	2,250				77,250		
Various Public Improvements (Feb 04)	2,483,065	2,406,765					76,300		
Various Public Improvements (Nov 04)	3,347,500	3,152,200		68,053			127,247		
Various Public Improvements (Mar 05)	1,134,500	1,112,200	150				22,150		
Road Resurfacing	715,000	704,000					11,000		
Various Public Improvements (Feb 07)	4,620,300	3,637,185			14,000		969,115		
Various Public Improvements (Apr 08)	3,715,559	3,078,450					637,109		
Various Public Improvements (Feb 10)	6,292,000	5,826,600		12,725	14,000		438,675		
Various Public Improvements (Feb 11)	6,588,000	5,636,500		, -		41,000	910,500		
Various Public Improvements (Apr 11)	1,685,000	1,432,000				,	253,000		
Eastside Firehouse	4,950,000	4,368,000			13,000		569,000		
Woodmont Beach FEMA (Mar 12)	534,000	123,000		62,819	,	287,000	61,181		
Various Public Improvements (Feb 12)	6,088,600	1,760,000		614,291		924,000	2,790,309		
Various Public Improvements (Feb 13)	7,578,000	2,420,500		•••,=••	853,000	62,000	4,242,500		
General Public Improvements	8,717,500	708,000			82,000	26,000	7,901,500		
General Public Improvements (Feb 14)	1,775,538	1,751,800			02,000	20,000	23,738		
Subtotal General Improvement	68,399,562	45,901,400	2,400	757,889	980,000	1,340,000	19,417,873		
	00,000,002	10,001,100	2,100	101,000	000,000	1,010,000	10,111,010		
Various School Improvements (Feb 07)	18,489,511	12,591,600		5,273,438				624,473	
Various School Improvements (Apr 08)	1,440,000	1,197,000		130,736				112,264	
J. Law Phase III Construction (Aug 09)	4,050,000	2,500,000		1,332,513				217,487	
Various School Improvements (Feb 10)	9,640,000	6,121,400		2,976,430				542,170	
Various School Improvements (Feb 11)	5,630,000	3,789,000		1,512,647	21,000			307,353	
Various School Improvements (Feb 12)	12,000,000	5,000,000			5,720,000			1,280,000	
Various School Improvements (Feb 13)	9,211,060	3,375,000			4,865,000			971,060	
Various School Improvements (Feb 14)	3,698,000	613,000			1,229,000			1,856,000	
Subtotal Schools	64,158,571	35,187,000	-	11,225,764	11,835,000	-	-	5,910,807	-
Wastewater Facilities Upgrade	33,150,940	27,962,200			1,400,000	200,000			3,588,740
Sewers XIII	2,555,000	2,092,400			.,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			462,600
Sewers XIV Design Phase	930,000	589,400							340,600
East/West Interceptor	4,250,000	4,065,000							185,000
Buckingham Ave Force Main	4,650,000	4,030,000							620,000
Roger Ave Pump & High St Sewer	2,623,500	1,500,000							1,123,500
Sewers XV	4,625,000	3,120,800			25,000	30,000			1,449,200
Sewers XVI	4,025,000	251,000			20,000	50,000			24,000
Sewers XVII	2,753,825	2,112,000			23,000	40,000			578,825
Sewers XVIII	4,254,000	1,215,000			1,252,000	200,000			1,587,000
Sewers XIX	4,254,000	80,000			65,000	200,000			42,000
Subtotal Sewers	60,254,265	47,017,800		-	2,765,000	470,000			10,001,465
									,,.
Totals	192,812,398	\$ 128,106,200	\$ 2,400	\$ 11,983,653	\$ 15,580,000	\$ 1,810,000	\$ 19,417,873	\$ 5,910,807 \$	10,001,465

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Population(1)	Per Capita Income(2)	_	Total Personal Income	Median Age(2)	School Enrollment(3)	Unemployment Rate(4)
2015	52,759	\$ 39,822	\$	2,100,968,898	42.7	6,245	4.5
2014	52,759	39,822		2,100,968,898	42.5	6,602	6.0
2013	52,759	38,351		2,023,360,409	43.3	6,659	7.1
2012	52,759	38,351		2,023,360,409	43.3	6,849	6.9
2011	55,907	28,832		1,611,910,624	39.4	7,069	7.8
2010	55,907	28,882		1,614,705,974	39.4	7,166	8.6
2009	55,455	28,882		1,601,651,310	39.4	7,306	7.5
2008	55,127	28,882		1,592,178,014	39.4	7,374	5.0
2007	54,802	28,882		1,582,791,364	39.4	7,389	3.8
2006	52,305	28,882		1,510,673,010	39.4	7,597	3.7

(1) Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, 2010 and State of Connecticut Department of Public Health

(2) Source: U.S. Census Bureau/American Community Survey 2008-2012

(3) Source: City of Milford Board of Education as of October 1

(4) Source: State of Connecticut Department of Labor, Employment Security Division (Annual Average)

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS 2015 AND 2006

			2015		2006				
Business Name	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment		
City of Milford Board of Education	Municipal School System	1,324	1	4.64%	1,138	1	3.77%		
Subway World Headquarters	Corporate Headquarters - Food Franchiser	1,000	2	3.50%	684	5	2.26%		
Milford Hospital	Healthcare	700	3	2.45%	802	3	2.65%		
City of Milford	Municipal Government	539	4	1.89%	562	6	1.86%		
Schick	Manufacturer - Razors	460	5	1.61%	692	4	2.29%		
Neopost Hasler, Inc.	Postage Meter Company	381	7	1.33%					
Macy's	Retail Department Store	320	6	1.12%	325	8	1.08%		
Super Stop & Shop	Food Retail	305	8	1.07%					
Costco	Wholesale Club	234	9	0.82%	242	10	0.80%		
Alinabal	Manufacturer	224	10	0.78%					
New England Home Care, Inc.	Healthcare				875	2	2.90%		
BIC Corporation	Manufacturer Lighters				489	7	1.62%		
Wamaco (Part of HQ)	Manufacturer - Ladies Undergarment				254	9	0.84%		
TOTAL		5,487		19.22%	6,063		20.07%		
Total Employment		28,546			30,214				

Source: City of Milford, Office of Community Development

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					FISCA	LYEAR				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General government	130	127.5	125.85	117.85	126.72	126.72	125.72	125.72	125.72	123.72
Police	129	127	128	127	130	130	129	132	131	131
Fire	121	121	123	126	127	127	127	127	127	127
Refuse collection	29	31	30	31	33	33	31	33	33	33
Other public works	74	77	79	79	84	85	81	87	85	90
Wastewater	31	31	31	31	29	27	25	31	31	31
Parks and recreation	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7
Library	18.99	19.5	19.15	19.15	19.28	19.28	19.28	19.28	19.28	19.28
Education	1,086.4	1,076.2	1,106	1,111.97	1,120.75	1,161.85	1,181.85	1,027.57	1,021.32	1,000.34
Total	1625.4	1649	1676.75	1716.85	1726.85	1589.57	1580.32	1,562.34	1,537.11	1,528.47

Source: Various City Departments

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR													
Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006				
General government:														
Building permits issued	60	71	67	35	52	68	67	47	122	161				
All other permits	1,019	994	1,179	3,377	2,966	2,826	2,705	3,221	3,814	4,439				
Building inspections conducted	4,994	5,923	5,201	4,878	4,750	5,878	7,581	8,265	8,712	9,207				
Police:														
Physical arrests	988	1,267	1,251	2,806	2,773	1,900	2,065	1,772	2,421	1,271				
Parking violations	1,270	900	1,748	3,622	4,299	4,673	3,637	4,097	4,252	3,333				
Traffic violations	4,112	2,260	2,221	9,277	8,341	8,224	11,507	9,241	11,450	12,698				
Fire:														
Emergency responses	7,854	7,617	7,951	8,108	7,749	7,819	7,369	7,731	7,170	7,014				
Fires extinguished	148	140	126	201	180	150	169	265	253	232				
Refuse collection:														
Refuse collected (tons per day)	14,611.15	15,597.00	16,192.44	11,153.56	15,223.90	15,590.09	14,603.81	14,141.73	14,282.05	15,395.32				
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	3,946.41	4,224.00	4,354.07	4,273.16	2,557.37	2,574.55	2,779.02	3,238.55	2,898.86	3,176.66				
Other public works:														
Street resurfacing (miles)	8.30	4.70	3.27	2.5	2.26	5.84	2.50	6.23	6.06	4.50				
Potholes repaired (info not available)														
Parks and recreation:														
Athletic field permits issued	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200				
Community Center admissions	5,939	5,939	5,939	5,939	5,939	5,939	5,939	5,939	5,939	5,939				
Library:														
Volumes in collection	129,341	127,773	128,182	126,055	126,118	124,590	120,506	121,159	119,224	117,751				
Total volumes borrowed	183,797	193,511	195,902	198,276	211,825	220,213	210,245	195,837	182,942	169,423				
Wastewater:														
Average daily sewage treatment														
(thousands of gallons)	7,235	8,700	8,700	10,000	10,000	8,700	10,250	10,250	11,100	11,100				
Average daily sewage treatment	7,235		8,700	10,000	10,000	·	10,250	10,250	11,100					

Source: Various City Departments

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FISCAL YEAR													
Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006				
Police:														
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Vehicular patrol units	42	42	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40				
Fire stations	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5				
Refuse collection:														
Collection trucks	13	13	13	15	11	11	11	11	11	11				
Other public works:														
Streets (miles)	199	199	199	199	199	199	199	199	199	199				
Traffic signals	136	136	136	135	134	134	134	131	131	131				
Parks and recreation:														
Open space parks	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8				
Ball/Soccer/Football fields	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38				
Playgrounds	20	20	19	19	23	23	23	23	23	23				
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				
Tennis courts	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25				
Community centers	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5				
Beach front mileage	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11				
Public beaches	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5				
Marina	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Golf course - 9-hole executive	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Water:														
Fire hydrants	1,415	1,404	1,410	1,407	1,402	1,397	1,390	1,377	1,377	1,377				
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1				
Wastewater:														
Sanitary sewers (miles)	262	262	260	260	260	260	260	260	260	260				
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	14,250	14,250	14,250	14,250	14,250	14,250	11,100	11,100	11,100	11,100				
Education:														
High schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				
Middle schools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3				
Elementary schools	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9				

Source: Various City Departments

CITY OF MILFORD, CONNECTICUT BUILDING PERMITS AND VALUE OF CONSTRUCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Residential		Non-Re	Non-Residential			All Other(1)			Total		
Fiscal Year	Number of Permits	Value*	Number of Permits	_	Value*	Number of Permits		Value*	Number of Permits		Value*	
2006	137	\$ 18,661	22	\$	44,752	4,280	\$	71,142	4,439	\$	134,555	
2007	105	23,228	17		37,456	3,814		86,541	3,936		147,225	
2008	34	7,195	13		7,828	3,223		81,867	3,268		96,890	
2009	29	6,444	18		4,786	1,165		27,692	1,212		38,922	
2010	50	8,735	9		5,228	1067		36,720	1,126		50,683	
2011	34	5,799	5		1,755	2,979		45,933	3,018		53,487	
2012	33	5,614	2		2,835	3,377		54,638	3,412		63,087	
2013	48	6,120	19		4,520	1,179		37,973	1,246		48,613	
2014	63	12,221	8		1,015	994		27,818	1,065		41,054	
2015	54	7,887	6		6,706	1,019		31,675	1,079		46,268	

(1) "All Other" represents the number of electrical, plumbing, heating and other permits which are paid for separately, and, therefore, are not included in the figures for residential and non-residential construction permits.

Source: City of Milford, Office of Building Inspector, per Finance format and formula.

*Presented in thousands.